

The President's English

대통령의 영어



*A textbook look at the language of
Donald Trump*

Neil Armstrong

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The President's English

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Introduction: How to use this book

There are as many speaking styles in the world as there are people. And we all use language slightly differently to one another. You are capable of putting together a sentence that has never been made before. Words carry meaning, vibration, and they create feelings in others. So all of us can shape our own little worlds through what we say and how we say it. But the sentences that you and I create have, unless you yourself are a national president, very little effect on the globe.

So why study English through the words of Donald Trump? Because he is the president of the United States. As of 2026, that is still the most powerful political office in the world. What he says resonates and has consequences, in the form of financial movements, geopolitical maneuvering, and hypersonic missile impacts. And this particular president has demonstrated a more cavalier attitude to his use of English. There have been many fans of the president who find his blunt verbal fragments funny; and as many opponents who express their disgust. To some extent, what he is saying must be of original value. So let's take a closer look...

The President's English has ten units, each divided into 4 sections: Reading, Understanding, Language, and Donald Trump and the English language.

1. READING

Each unit centers on an excerpt from a Trump interview, speech, or set of remarks. Its title is a key quote taken from that excerpt. Memorize the unit title. Later, it will help you recall the theme and circumstances of the President's words, as well as helping you grasp the idiomatic tone of his English. The hashtags underneath serve as pointers previewing the subject matter. You can fill in your own after you read the excerpt.

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

This brief paragraph introduces the physical location and media background to the President's words, giving temporal and environmental context to the subject matter. (It is translated into Korean below.)

Vocabulary

Trump words...

We begin with a warm-up exercise previewing some of the common vocabulary items that will feature in the excerpt. The reader must match words with similar meanings and practice synonym awareness.

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

A ten-sentence breakdown of Donald Trump's line of logic and the points he is making. It serves to summarize the full content so that the reader doesn't reach the full text "cold".

Trump paragraphs...

A second preview puts the President's thought process into paragraph form. By now, the reader will be familiar with the text's contents and better able to guess at meaning from the context

Excerpt

Trump original...

The full text excerpt

2. UNDERSTANDING

Four standard test comprehension questions to reinforce the reader's understanding of the text.

A asks the student to survey the text and locate the correct synonym.

B is a fill in the blank question. Can you fill it in without looking at the text?

C Each text has a different main idea.

D True or false

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes...

We take a general English structure used by Trump in the text and expand with examples. The reader should make a sentence according to the instruction provided. Then circle Yes or No to the statements or questions below.

Idiom 1

Now we take a word used by Trump in his text and situate it in a common English language idiom. Examples are given and a general question asked.

The above is repeated in Structures 2 and Idiom 2.

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

Like all English speakers, Donald Trump makes technical mistakes when he speaks. He might, for example, mix up passive and active voice or make errors in using tense. Being president means that his mistakes are liable to more scrutiny and perhaps ridicule. Our purpose is to learn from them. So we take a little in-depth look at where he went wrong in the excerpt. A grammatical explanation is given as well as further examples and a correction.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Next, as a break from analysis, the reader gets to think a little. Trump is a man who prefers to make bold assertions rather than prevaricate. Do you agree with what he says? Look at the assertion and tick a box. There is no "right" answer.

The Trump Style

Central to his popularity and infamy is Donald Trump's way with language and communication. In this section, we examine a linguistic mannerism typical of the President's English usage.

The Trump Money Quote

A so-called 'money quote' is a concise statement from a speaker that summarizes or gets to the core of their way of thinking on a matter. Trump has made many. Here we take one at random from a long public history of making such statements.

Idea

Finally, we extract from the extract an associated idea contained within the text. It could be the idea of respect, of heroes, even walls, some notion raised centrally or tangentially by what the President's English states directly or by implication. We look at it in a short essay to offer a reflective look back on what we have studied in the unit.

Unit 1 "A lot of killers around, believe me"

1. READING

#putin #killers #foxnews #innocent #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

President Trump gave an interview to Fox News presenter, Bill O'Reilly. Fox television was hosting the American Super Bowl, the annual championship game of the National Football League (NFL). The Super Bowl fixture often attracts over 100 million television viewers. The interview with President Trump, broadcast just hours before transmission of the game on February 5th, 2017, would be seen by millions of Americans.



트럼프 대통령이 폭스뉴스의 빌 오라일리 진행자와 인터뷰를 했다. Fox TV 는 NFL(National Football League)의 연례 챔피언십 게임인 American Super Bowl 을 주최하고 있었습니다. 슈퍼볼 경기는 종종 1 억 명 이상의 TV 시청자를 끌어들이습니다. 2017 년 2 월 5 일 게임이 전송되기 불과 몇 시간 전에 방송된 트럼프 대통령과의 인터뷰는 수백만 명의 미국인이 시청하게 됩니다.

Vocabulary

Trump words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Talked | a. with, versus |
| 2. Busy | b. not guilty, pure, sinless |
| 3. Respect | c. big, important, significant |
| 4. Leader | d. errors, faults, defects |
| 5. Major | e. many, numerous, loads of |
| 6. Against | f. listen to, learn from, admire |
| 7. Innocent | g. occupied, active, engaged |
| 8. War | h. conflict, battle |
| 9. A lot of | i. head, president, commander |
| 10. Mistakes | j. discussed, chatted |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

1. I have been busy.
2. I spoke with Russian president, Vladimir Putin.
3. I respect him.
4. We might have a good relationship.
5. It is important to have a good relationship.
6. We can fight terrorism together.
7. Not only Putin is a killer.
8. America has killers.
9. The Iraq war was a mistake.
10. Many people were killed.

Trump paragraphs...

President Donald Trump has been busy. Last week, he spoke with Russian leader, President Vladimir Putin. President Trump respects President Putin. President Trump thinks that America and Russia should have a good relationship. Russia can help fight terrorism. However, President Trump doesn't know if he will develop a good personal relationship with President Putin. Mr Putin has been called a 'killer', but America, says Mr. Trump, has its own killers. It is not, for example, innocent in Iraq. President Trump was against the Iraq War from the beginning.

Excerpt

Trump original...



O'Reilly: You talked to Putin last week. You had a busy week last week.

Trump: Busy week and a half.

O'Reilly: Do you respect Putin?

Trump: I do respect him but —

O'Reilly: Do you? Why?

Trump: Well, I respect a lot of people but that doesn't mean I'm going to get along with him. He's a leader of his country. I say it's better to get along with Russia than not. And if Russia helps us in the fight against ISIS, which is a major fight, and Islamic terrorism all over the world — that's a good thing. Will I get along with him? I have no idea.

O'Reilly: But he's a killer though. Putin's a killer.

Trump: There are a lot of killers. We've got a lot of killers. What do you think — our country's so innocent. You think our country's so innocent?

O'Reilly: I don't know of any government leaders that are killers.

Trump: Well — take a look at what we've done too. We made a lot of mistakes. I've been against the war in Iraq from the beginning.

O'Reilly: But mistakes are different than —

Trump: A lot of mistakes, but a lot of people were killed. A lot of killers around, believe me.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means admire, value.
2. Find and circle a word that means major, important.
3. Find and circle a word that means pure, blameless.
4. Find and circle a word that means errors, faults.
5. Find and circle a word that means murders, takes lives.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. Do you _____ Putin?
2. He's a _____ of his country.
3. Russia helps us in the _____ against ISIS.
4. Our country's so _____.
5. We made a lot of _____.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump believes that the United States should try to cooperate with Russia despite disagreements.
2. Trump believes Putin is the only world leader responsible for violence.
3. Trump believes the United States has never done anything wrong.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says he respects Putin.
2. Trump says Putin is the leader of his country.
3. Trump says the United States is completely innocent.
4. Trump says he was against the war in Iraq from the beginning.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes...

[A] but that doesn't mean [B]

"I respect a lot of people, **but that doesn't mean** I'm going to get along with him."

Meaning:

Just because we can say statement [A], statement [B] doesn't necessarily follow.

Examples:

I love fruit cake, **but that doesn't mean** I want to eat it all the time.

I've known her for many years, **but that doesn't mean** I know everything about her.

Now make a sentence using the following information. Write it below.

[A] 190 cms tall. [B] good at basketball

Circle your response:

I work in a hospital, but that doesn't mean I'm a nurse.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I own a smart phone, but that doesn't mean I'm smart.

☐ Yes

☐ No

[A] 하지만 그렇다고 [B]를 의미하는 것은 아닙니다 "저는 많은 사람들을 존경하지만 그렇다고 그 사람과 잘 지내겠다는 뜻은 아닙니다." 의미: 진술 [A]를 말할 수 있다고 해서 진술 [B]가 반드시 따라오는 것은 아닙니다. 예: 나는 과일 케이크를 좋아하지만 그렇다고 항상 그것을 먹고 싶다는 의미는 아닙니다. 나는 그녀를 수년 동안 알고 있었지만 그렇다고 해서 그녀에 대해 모든 것을 아는 것은 아닙니다.

Idiom 1

'Killed it'

To perform well in a competition, on stage, etc

The comedian was really funny. She killed it.

He was the best player in the team today. He really killed it.

Have you ever killed it in an English exam?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

...believe me

“A lot of killers around, **believe me**.”

Meaning:

This phrase may be used at the beginning or end of a statement to add emphasis to its truth.

“Believe me...” may signify personal knowledge of an issue.

Examples:

Money doesn't grow on trees, **believe me**.

Believe me, I told him to do his homework a thousand times. He just won't listen.

Now make an example, basing it on your own experience.

Circle your response:

I'm great at swimming, believe me.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I will never quit sugar, believe me.

☐ Yes

☐ No

...나를 믿어 "주변에 살인범이 많아요. 제 말을 믿으세요." 의미: 이 문구는 진술의 시작이나 끝 부분에 사용되어 진술의 진실성을 강조할 수 있습니다. "나를 믿으세요..."는 문제에 대한 개인적인 지식을 의미할 수도 있습니다. 예: 돈은 나무에서 자라지 않습니다. 제 말을 믿으세요. 내 말을 믿으세요. 나는 그에게 숙제를 천 번이나 하라고 말했습니다. 그는 단지 듣지 않을 것입니다.

Idiom 2

Kill for something

To want something desperately, intensely, especially food.

I'd kill for a burger.

I'd kill for the chance to visit Vegas.

Would you kill for great abs?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“Well, I respect a lot of **people** but that doesn’t mean I’m going to get along with **him**.”

People is grammatically plural. *Him* is grammatically singular.

This is called a **mismatched antecedent**.

Other examples:

All passengers should put on their seatbelts to ensure **he** is safe.

Anyone can get fit, but **they** have to work hard.

We could rephrase President Trump’s statement in the following way:

“Well, I respect a lot of **people** but that doesn’t mean I’m going to get along with **them**.”

“글쎄요, 저는 많은 사람들을 존중하지만 그렇다고 해서 제가 그들과 잘 지낼 것이라는 뜻은 아닙니다.”

people 은 문법적으로 복수형이고 him 은 문법적으로 단수형입니다.

이를 mismatched antecedent(선행사와 대명사의 수가 일치하지 않는 경우)라고 합니다.

다른 예:

모든 승객은 자신이 안전할 수 있도록 안전벨트를 매야 합니다.

누구나 건강해질 수 있지만, 그러려면 열심히 노력해야 합니다.

트럼프 대통령의 발언은 다음과 같이 바꿔 표현할 수 있습니다.

“글쎄요, 저는 많은 사람들을 존중하지만 그렇다고 해서 제가 그들과 잘 지낼 것이라는 뜻은 아닙니다.”

What about you...?

check the boxes, then write why...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
I respect President Putin				
I respect president Trump				
America and Russia need a good relationship				
Government leaders are killers				

The Trump Style

Well...

President Trump uses the word, ‘well’, when he is about to disagree with the interviewer’s suggestion or when he intends to clarify a position that might surprise him.

1. When he is about to disagree with the interviewer’s suggestion:

O’Reilly: I don’t know of any government leaders that are killers.

Trump: Well — take a look at what we’ve done too.

2. When he intends to clarify a position that might surprise him:

O’Reilly: Do you [respect Putin]? Why?

Trump: Well, I respect a lot of people but that doesn’t mean I’m going to get along with him.

The interviewer is expressing surprise that President Trump might respect President Putin. This implies that either he, the interviewer, or the viewers at home might not respect Putin. ‘Well’ signifies a contrary viewpoint, respectful disagreement. It also signifies two of President Trump’s longer responses. In this respect, ‘Well’ serves to warn the interviewer not to interject again until the president has finished making his point.

글쎄...

트럼프 대통령은 인터뷰어의 제안이나 견해에 반대하려 할 때, 또는 상대방이 의외라고 생각할 수 있는 자신의 입장을 분명히 밝히려 할 때 ‘well’이라는 단어를 사용합니다.

1. 인터뷰어의 제안이나 견해에 반대하려 할 때:

오라일리: 제가 아는 한 사람을 죽이는 정부 지도자는 없습니다.

트럼프: 글쎄요—우리 역시 우리가 해온 일을 한번 돌아볼 필요가 있습니다.

2. 상대방이 의외라고 생각할 수 있는 자신의 입장을 분명히 밝히려 할 때:

오라일리: 당신은 [푸틴을 존중합니까]? 왜 그렇습니까?

트럼프: 글쎄요, 저는 많은 사람들을 존중합니다. 그렇다고 해서 제가 그와 잘 지낼 것이라는 뜻은 아닙니다.

인터뷰어는 트럼프 대통령이 푸틴 대통령을 존중할 수도 있다는 사실에 놀라움을 표현하고 있습니다. 이는 인터뷰어 자신이나 집에서 시청하고 있는 시청자들이 푸틴을 존중하지 않을 수도 있음을 암시합니다. 여기서 ‘well’은 그와는 다른 견해, 즉 상대방을 존중하면서도 의견을 달리하는 태도를 나타냅니다. 또한 ‘well’은 트럼프 대통령의 비교적 긴 두 답변을 시작하는 역할을 합니다. 이런 점에서 ‘well’은 대통령이 자신의 요점을 끝까지 설명할 때까지 인터뷰어가 다시 끼어들지 말라는 신호로 기능합니다.

The Trump Money Quote

“Perhaps it’s time America was run like a business.”

Idea

Respect: “I do respect him, but...”

Respect, goes an old saying, is something earned. You need to act impressively to deserve respect before it is given. If your conduct is lacking, then why should you be given respect? I may respect a teacher who is patient and knowledgeable. I may respect a scientist who makes a breakthrough in drug research. I respect these people because I admire what they do. They have earned their respect through impressive action. Likewise, however, I cannot respect the teacher who is strict but ignorant; or the scientist who cheats on her research.

But this definition only takes into account one aspect of respect: admiration. There is a more traditional idea associated with respect: deference. This form of respect is given automatically. Deferential respect depends on the status of the person and the culture in which she lives. We afford this respect to people who occupy a particular role. We automatically respect, for example, the teacher *because* she is a teacher, the firefighter *because* he is a firefighter, the president *because* he is president. We respect their ‘offices’.

Notionally speaking, citizens of the United States respect the office of the presidency. It is a powerful and important position requiring strength and authority. But when the holder of the office –the president- disrespects the office, the citizens lose respect for him. On August 9, 1974, President Richard Nixon resigned as President. He was under investigation for improper use of government agencies. He had disrespected the office of the presidency. Accordingly, he lost the respect of many citizens. Even respect given automatically can be lost.

개념

존중:

존중은 얻어내는 것이라는 오래된 격언이 있습니다. 존중을 받으려면 먼저 존중받을 만한 훌륭한 행동을 해야 합니다. 자신의 행동이 부족하다면, 왜 존중을 받아야 하겠습니까? 나는 인내심이 있고 지식이 풍부한 교사를 존중할 수 있습니다. 나는 의약품 연구에서 획기적인 성과를 이루어 낸 과학자를 존중할 수 있습니다. 내가 이 사람들을 존중하는 이유는 그들이 하는 일을 높이 평가하기 때문입니다. 그들은 훌륭한 행동을 통해 존중받을 자격을 스스로 얻었습니다. 그러나 마찬가지로, 엄격하지만 무지한 교사나 자신의 연구에서 부정행위를 하는 과학자를 나는 존중할 수 없습니다.

하지만 이러한 정의는 존중의 한 가지 측면, 즉 존경(admiration)만을 고려한 것입니다. 존중과 관련해서는 보다 전통적인 개념도 있습니다. 바로 경의(deference)입니다. 이러한 형태의 존중은 자동적으로 주어집니다. 경의의 의미에서의 존중은 그 사람이 어떤 지위에 있는지, 그리고 그 사람이 살아가는 문화가 어떤지에 따라 결정됩니다. 우리는 특정한 역할이나 지위를 맡고 있는 사람에게 이러한 존중을 표합니다. 예를 들어, 우리는 교사이기 때문에 교사를, 소방관이기 때문에 소방관을, 대통령이기 때문에 대통령을 자동적으로 존중합니다. 우리는 그 사람 개인뿐만 아니라 그 사람이 맡고 있는 '직위(office)'를 존중하는 것입니다.

개념적으로 말하면, 미국 시민들은 대통령직이라는 직위를 존중합니다. 대통령직은 힘과 권위를 필요로 하는 강력하고 중요한 자리입니다. 그러나 그 직위를 맡은 사람, 즉 대통령이 대통령직 자체를 존중하지 않는 행동을 한다면, 시민들은 그에 대한 존중을 잃게 됩니다. 1974년 8월 9일, 리처드 닉슨 대통령은 대통령직에서 사임했습니다. 당시 그는 정부 기관을 부적절하게 이용한 혐의로 조사를 받고 있었습니다. 그는 대통령이라는 직위를 존중하지 않는 행동을 했던 것입니다. 그 결과, 많은 시민들이 그에 대한 존중을 잃었습니다. 심지어 자동적으로 주어지는 존중이라 하더라도 잃을 수 있습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 2 "I am the Chosen One"

1. READING

#deal #fakenews #china #recession #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

On August 21st, 2019 President Trump made a statement on the White House lawn to a group of assembled journalists. An ongoing issue of global interest at the time was trade competition between the United States and China. During his campaign, Trump promised to take on China, which he said had been financially exploiting the naivety and goodwill of the US for decades. During the statement, President Trump looked toward the sky and said, "I am the chosen one."



2019 년 8 월 21 일, 트럼프 대통령은 백악관 잔디밭에서 모여 있던 기자들을 상대로 발언을 했습니다. 당시 전 세계적으로 관심을 받고 있던 현안 가운데 하나는 **미국과 중국 간의 무역 경쟁**이었습니다. 트럼프 대통령은 대선 유세 기간 동안 중국에 강경하게 대응하겠다고 약속했으며, 중국이 수십 년 동안 미국의 순진함과 호의를 이용해 경제적으로 미국을 착취해 왔다고 주장했습니다. 그날 발언을 하던 중 트럼프 대통령은 하늘을 바라보며 이렇게 말했습니다.

"나는 선택받은 사람이다."

Vocabulary

Trump words ...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Convince | a. robbery, fraud |
| 2. Public | b. con, trick, steal, embezzle |
| 3. Recession | c. like, have a good time |
| 4. Enjoy | d. theory, ideas |
| 5. Rip off | e. ordinary citizens, voters, viewers |
| 6. Make a deal | f. maybe, possibly |
| 7. Probably | g. economic slowdown, stagnation |
| 8. Trade | h. persuade, win over, reason |
| 9. Intellectual | i. agree a contract, buy and sell |
| 10. Theft | j. business, exchange goods |

In Plain English

Trump thought process ...

1. Journalists produce fake news.
2. America is doing well.
3. We confronted China.
4. China has been stealing from the United States.
5. We are winning and China lost a lot of jobs.
6. China wants to make a trade deal.
7. China has taken \$500 billion from the US.
8. They stole intellectual property.
9. Somebody had to take on China.
10. And I am the chosen one.

Trump paragraphs...

You journalists produce fake news. And you want a recession. Now America is doing well economically. Because we have confronted China. Previous presidents failed to do this. Even though it is not easy, I enjoy doing it. Because China has been stealing from the United States.

But not now; we are winning. China has lost a lot of jobs. It wants to make a trade deal with the US. China has taken \$500 billion from the US over the last five years. They have stolen intellectual property. Somebody had to take on China. And I am the chosen one.

Excerpt

Trump original...



So, the fake news of which many of you are members is trying to convince the public to have a recession. Let's have a recession. The United States is doing phenomenally well, but one thing I have to do is economically take on China because China has been ripping us off for many years. President Clinton, President Bush, and President Obama and others should have done this long before me. My life would be much easier... Although I enjoy doing it, but my life would be much easier if I just said, "Let China continue to rip off the United States." All right? It'd be much easier, but I can't do that. We are winning against China. They've lost two and a half million jobs in a very short period of time. They want to make a deal. It's got to be a deal that's good for the United States where they want to make it deal. Probably, we will make a deal. But if I didn't do that, and I'm not doing... Somebody said it's Trump's trade war. This isn't my trade war. This is a trade war that should have taken place a long time ago by a lot of other presidents.

Over the last five or six years, China's made \$500-billion. 500 billion. Ripped it out of the United States. And not only that, if you take a look, intellectual property theft, add that to it and they had a lot of other things do it. So, somebody... Excuse me. Somebody had to do it. I am the chosen one.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means agreement, arrangement.
2. Find and circle a word that means stealing, taking illegally.
3. Find and circle a word that means extremely well, remarkably.
4. Find and circle a word that means economic decline, downturn.
5. Find and circle a word that means selected, specially picked.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. The United States is doing _____ well.
2. They want to make a _____.
3. They've lost two and a half million _____ in a very short period of time.
4. China's made \$500-_____.
5. I am the _____ one.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump believes China has treated the United States unfairly and that previous presidents should have taken action sooner.
2. Trump believes the United States should end all economic relations with China.
3. Trump believes the United States is entering a major recession.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says China has lost two and a half million jobs.
2. Trump says the trade war is entirely his own idea.
3. Trump says China has taken hundreds of billions of dollars from the United States.
4. Trump says he wants to continue allowing China to take advantage of the United States.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes

My life would be much easier if...

“...**my life would be much easier if** I just said, “Let China continue to rip off the United States.””

This expression can be used as a standalone sentence to follow up a statement. Eg, “I should never have gotten married. My life would be much easier.” Or it can be used as a conditional introduction to the reason for its use. “My life would be much easier if I was tall, slim, attractive, and rich.”

Now make your own sentence using the phrase.

My life would be much easier if _____

Circle your response:

My life would be much easier if I was taller.

☐ Yes

☐ No

My life would be much easier if I lived in Seoul.

☐ Yes

☐ No

내 인생은 훨씬 편해질 텐데...

“...내가 그냥 ‘중국이 계속 미국을 뜯어먹도록 내버려 두자’라고 말한다면, 내 인생은 훨씬 편해질 텐데.”

이 표현은 앞의 말을 이어받아 독립적인 문장으로 사용할 수 있습니다. 예를 들어, “나는 결혼을 하지 말았어야 했다. 내 인생은 훨씬 편했을 텐데.” 또는 어떤 조건이 충족된다면 왜 자신의 삶이 더 편해질지를 나타내는 조건절의 도입부로 사용할 수도 있습니다. “내가 키가 크고, 날씬하고, 매력적이고, 부자라면 내 인생은 훨씬 편할 텐데.”

Idiom 1

“Somebody said it’s Trump’s trade war.”

Jack of all trades

A jack of all trades has many different skills.

He trades, invests, teaches, and consults. He’s a jack of all trades.

She can play offense, defense, midfield and in goal. She’s a jack of all trades.

Are you a jack of all trades?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

Excuse me

Excuse me is a polite interjection to gain a person's attention. It is used in restaurants, 19th century England, and textbooks. Eg, "**Excuse me**, may I have another packet of peanuts and glass of red wine?" when making a request to a distracted flight attendant. However, it can also be used to express irritation and disdain. In an interview with CNN's Jeanne Moos in March 2016, Trump interrupted and used the phrase 20 times.

Now make your own request using "Excuse me..."

Excuse me, _____

Circle your response:

Have you said "excuse me" in irritation?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Have you said "excuse me" in disdain?

☐ Yes

☐ No

실례합니다

"Excuse me"는 상대방의 주의를 끌기 위해 사용하는 정중한 감탄사입니다. 식당에서나 19세기 영국에서나 교과서에서 사용되는 표현입니다. 예를 들어, 주의가 다른 곳에 가 있는 승무원에게 부탁할 때 "실례합니다, 땅콩 한 봉지와 레드 와인 한 잔을 더 주시겠어요?"라고 말할 수 있습니다. 그러나 이 표현은 짜증이나 경멸을 나타내는 데에도 사용할 수 있습니다. 2016년 3월 CNN의 진 무스(Jeanne Moos)와의 인터뷰에서 트럼프는 상대방의 말을 가로막으며 이 표현을 20번이나 사용했습니다.

Idiom 2

"Somebody said it's Trump's trade war."

To do a roaring trade

Business is good and sales are high

Little Mauricio did a roaring trade selling lemonade on his front lawn today.

The health supplements industry has done a roaring trade since Covid 19.

Is coffee doing a roaring trade in Korea?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“This is a trade war that should have taken place a long time ago by a lot of other presidents.” An action is done *by* a person. But “should have taken place” is a passive voice construction. Trump could have used another preposition, *under*, as a passive expression. “This is a trade war that should have taken place a long time ago under a lot of other presidents.” Another option would have been to employ a transitive verb such as pursue, undertake, or fight. “This is a trade war that should have been fought a long time ago by a lot of other presidents.”

“이 무역전쟁은 다른 많은 대통령들이 훨씬 오래전에 벌였어야 했던 것입니다.”

어떤 행동은 한 사람에 의해 이루어집니다. 하지만 “should have taken place”는 수동태 구조가 아닙니다. “take place”는 자동사구이므로 수동태로 만들 수 없습니다. 따라서 여기서 *by* 를 사용하여 행위자를 나타내는 것은 문법적으로 어색합니다. 트럼프는 “under”를 사용하여 “다른 많은 대통령들이 재임하던 시절에”라는 의미를 나타낼 수 있었습니다. “이 무역전쟁은 다른 많은 대통령들이 재임하던 시절에 훨씬 오래전에 일어났어야 했습니다.”

또 다른 방법은 pursue(추진하다), undertake(착수하다), fight(싸우다)와 같은 타동사를 사용하는 것입니다. 예를 들어, “이 무역전쟁은 다른 많은 대통령들이 훨씬 오래전에 벌였어야 했습니다”라고 표현할 수 있습니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
China has ripped off America.				
The trade war should have taken place a long time ago.				
Life would be easier without a trade war.				
There is a lot of fake news.				

The Trump Style

Exaggeration

Exaggeration, to overstate the extent of a value, eg., “I played the best round of golf in history this morning,” is a question of emphasis or truth, depending on your biases. Both can be subjective and situational. Trump chooses to say, “The United States is doing **phenomenally** well.” Few politicians would downplay what they believe to be their own achievements. But other more modest and perhaps accurate adverbs were available to the president at the time of his remarks: very, pleasingly, etc. Even ‘exceptionally’ or ‘remarkably’, both expressing high levels of self-congratulation, would have been more conventional than ‘phenomenally’, an adverb derived from the noun ‘phenomenon’. A phenomenon may refer to a remarkable person; this billionaire president may refer to himself as a phenomenon. A moment later, he confirms the suspicion by referring to himself as, ‘The chosen one.’

과장(Exaggeration)

과장이란 어떤 가치나 정도를 실제보다 크게 표현하는 것입니다. 예를 들어, “오늘 아침 나는 역사상 최고의 골프 라운드를 했다”라고 말하는 것은 강조의 문제일 수도 있고, 진실성의 문제일 수도 있습니다. 이는 자신의 편견이나 관점에 따라 달라질 수 있으며, 상황에 따라서도 달라질 수 있습니다. 트럼프는 “미국은 엄청나게 잘하고 있습니다(The United States is doing phenomenally well)”라고 말합니다. 자신의 성과라고 생각하는 것을 축소해서 말할 정치인은 거의 없을 것입니다. 하지만 당시 대통령이 발언할 때 사용할 수 있었던, 보다 겸손하고 어쩌면 더 정확한 부사들도 있었습니다. 예를 들어 very(매우), pleasingly(만족스럽게) 등이 있습니다. 심지어 높은 수준의 자기 칭찬을 나타내는 exceptionally(대단히)나 remarkably(놀라울 정도로)도 ‘phenomenally’보다 더 일반적인 표현이었을 것입니다. ‘phenomenally’는 명사 ‘phenomenon’에서 파생된 부사입니다. ‘phenomenon’은 뛰어난 사람을 가리킬 수도 있는데, 이 억만장자 대통령은 자신을 하나의 ‘현상’이라고 표현하고 있는 것일 수도 있습니다. 잠시 후 그는 자신을 “선택받은 사람(The chosen one)”이라고 표현함으로써 이러한 의심을 확인해 줍니다.

The Trump Money Quote

“A well-educated black has a tremendous advantage over a well-educated white in terms of the job market.”

The chosen one may be the hero of a play, novel or movie who we, the audience, identify as a savior figure. The chosen one might save their family, entire clan, fellow abused laborers, Scotland, or the entire universe. But there is a sense that they are compelled by God and character to fight for the greater good. The chosen one is pre-destined.

The chosen one, like Harry Potter or Neo in The Matrix, has a higher purpose. They are less interested in their own survival, glory or profit than they are universal morality. Usually, however, there is a modesty to the chosen one's heroism. They wrestle with their sensitivities. Donald Trump, in self-declaring himself the chosen one, is a break from standard chosen-one conduct. Some took relief, others the opposite, from the self-awareness he showed when, as he announced it, he addressed the sky with a smile.

개념

이야기의 영웅 "선택받은 사람"

선택받은 사람은 연극이나 소설, 영화 속에서 우리가 관객의 입장에서 구원자적 인물로 받아들이는 영웅일 수 있습니다. 선택받은 사람은 자신의 가족이나 부족 전체, 학대받는 동료 노동자들, 스코틀랜드, 또는 우주 전체를 구할 수도 있습니다. 그러나 이들에게는 신과 자신의 본성에 의해 더 큰 선을 위해 싸우도록 운명적으로 이끌린다는 의미가 있습니다. 선택받은 사람은 이미 정해진 운명을 타고난 존재입니다.

해리 포터나 영화 <매트릭스>의 네오처럼, 선택받은 사람에게는 더 높은 목적이 있습니다. 이들은 자신의 생존이나 영광, 이익보다는 보편적인 도덕적 가치에 더 관심을 둡니다. 하지만 일반적으로 선택받은 사람의 영웅적 행동에는 겸손함이 따릅니다. 그들은 자신의 감정과 내면의 갈등과 싸웁니다. 도널드 트럼프가 스스로를 선택받은 사람이라고 선언한 것은 전형적인 '선택받은 사람'의 행동 방식에서 벗어난 것입니다. 그가 그렇게 선언하면서 미소를 지으며 하늘을 바라보았을 때, 그가 보여준 자기 인식에 어떤 사람들은 안도감을 느꼈고, 다른 사람들은 정반대의 반응을 보였습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 3 “He died like a dog”

1. READING

#terrorism #special forces #God #dogs #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

On October 27, 2019, President Trump made a short speech in the Diplomatic Room of the White House. He told the watching world that Islamic State leader Abu Bakr al-Baghdadi had been killed during a US raid in Syria. The successful operation to capture or kill Baghdadi had been “the top national security priority of my administration.” In describing the US special forces nighttime raid into northwestern Syria, Trump reported that the terrorist leader had “died like a dog.”



2019 년 10 월 27 일, 트럼프 대통령은 백악관 외교관 접견실에서 짧은 연설을 했습니다. 그는 전 세계를 향해 이슬람국가(IS)의 지도자 아부 바크르 알바그다디가 시리아에서 벌어진 미군의 급습 작전 중 사망했다고 밝혔습니다. 알바그다디를 생포하거나 사살하는 성공적인 작전은 **“내 행정부의 국가안보 최우선 과제”**였다고 말했습니다. 트럼프 대통령은 시리아 북서부에서 한밤중에 이루어진 미군 특수부대의 급습 작전을 설명하면서, 이 테러 지도자가 **“개처럼 죽었다”**고 말했습니다.

Vocabulary

Trump words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| 11. Companions | a. disfigured, cut up, maimed |
| 12. Dead end | b. criminal, gangster, bully |
| 13. Cleared | c. poverty, want, discomfort |
| 14. Remaining | d. no exit, trap, blind alley, cul de sac |
| 15. Certain | e. tough, evil, cruel |
| 16. Mutilated | f. emptied, freed |
| 17. Thug | g. plain, unromantic, humdrum |
| 18. Unglamorous | h. colleagues, workmates, associates |
| 19. Brutal | i. guaranteed, assured, not in doubt |
| 20. Hardship | j. leftover, surviving |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

1. No US soldiers were killed.
2. Many terrorists died.
3. Baghdadi was shot.
4. Eleven children were rescued.
5. Baghdadi ran to a tunnel.
6. He blew himself up.
7. He died in fear and panic.
8. Baghdadi killed many people.
9. It was a great night for the United States.
10. This man can never hurt people again.
11. He died like a dog.
12. God bless the United States of America.

Trump paragraphs...

No US personnel were killed in the operation. But many terrorists died. Baghdadi was shot in a compound. Eleven children were rescued from the compound. Baghdadi ran for a tunnel. He blew himself up, killing three children. He was a thug who died in fear and panic. Baghdadi was a loser who killed many people. But last night was a great night for the United States. This brutal man can never harm again. He died like a dog. God bless the United States of America.

Excerpt

Trump original...



No U.S. personnel were lost in the operation, while a large number of Baghdadi's fighters and companions were killed with him. He died after running into a dead-end tunnel, whimpering and crying and screaming. The compound had been cleared by this time, with people either surrendering or being shot and killed. Eleven young children were moved out of the house un-injured. The only ones remaining were Baghdadi in the tunnel, who had dragged three children with him to certain death. He reached the end of the tunnel, as our dogs chased him down. He ignited his vest, killing himself and the three children. His body was mutilated by the blast, but test results gave certain and positive identification. The thug who tried so hard to intimidate others spent his last moments in utter fear, panic and dread – terrified of the American Forces bearing down. Baghdadi and the losers who worked with him – in some cases people who had no idea what they were getting into and how dangerous and unglamorous it was – killed many people. [...]

Last night was a great night for the United States and for the World. A brutal killer, one who has caused so much hardship and death, was violently eliminated – he will never again harm another innocent man, woman or child. He died like a dog. He died like a coward. The world is now a much safer place.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means

1. Find and circle a word that means tough, evil, cruel.
2. Find and circle a word that means leftover, surviving.
3. Find and circle a word that means plain, unromantic, humdrum.
4. Find and circle a word that means emptied, freed.
5. Find and circle a word that means criminal, gangster, bully.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. God bless the _____ States of America.
2. His body was mutilated by the _____.
3. He died after _____ into a dead-end tunnel.
4. He died _____ a dog.
5. No U.S. personnel were lost in the _____.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. The United States has eliminated a terrorist threat.
2. God blesses the United States of America.
3. Terrorists are a bunch of losers.

D. True or false?

1. Baghdadi survived the raid.
2. US personnel died during the operation.
3. Baghdadi killed himself.
4. The terrorist left a tunnel.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes...

....[they] had no idea what they were getting into...

When the US electorate voted Trump into office in 2016, “it had no idea what it was getting itself into.” Critics of the subsequent Trump administration might make this assertion. But critics of any administration might make this assertion. This expression is used to describe naivety or cluelessness about the negative consequences that may arise from certain actions. Eg, “When I emigrated to a foreign country, I had no idea what I was getting myself into.” Or, “When I decided to decorate the house by myself, I had no idea what I was getting into.”

Now make a sentence using the expression.

Circle your response:

When I bought this book, I had no idea what I was getting myself into.

☐ Yes

☐ No

When I got my first job, I had no idea what I was getting myself into.

☐ Yes

☐ No

....[그들은] 자신들이 무슨 일을 겪고 있는지 전혀 몰랐습니다...

2016년 미국 유권자가 트럼프를 대통령으로 뽑았을 때 “어떤 일이 벌어지고 있는지 전혀 몰랐습니다.” 차기 트럼프 행정부를 비판하는 사람들은 이런 주장을 할 수도 있다. 그러나 어떤 정부를 비판하는 사람이라도 이런 주장을 할 수 있습니다. 특정 행동으로 인해 발생할 수 있는 부정적인 결과에 대한 순진함이나 무지함을 설명하는 데 사용됩니다. 예를 들어, “외국으로 이민을 갔을 때 어떤 일을 겪게 될지 전혀 몰랐습니다.” 또는 “집을 혼자 꾸미기로 했을 때 무슨 일이 벌어지고 있는지 전혀 몰랐어요.”

Idiom 1

“He reached the end of the tunnel...”

Light at the end of the tunnel:

You see hope for a brighter future.

Finally, my symptoms are clearing up. There's light at the end of the tunnel.

At last, the economy is turning a corner. There's light at the end of the tunnel.

Is there light at the end of the tunnel?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

...[he] will never again...

The phrase “never say never” is advice cautioning against ruling anything out. For example, you might say that you will never ski again after an accident. Yet, just a year later you are back on the slopes. Here, Trump means never literally. For Baghdadi is dead and therefore unable to cause harm again. Still, we use the word in common speech when making predictions despite not being able to know for certain. eg, “I will never again dance in public.” “Leicester City will never again win the Premier League.” We just don’t know.

Now pledge something that you will never again do.

I will never again _____

Circle your response:

I will never study another language.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I will never call my best friend in the middle of the night.

☐ Yes

☐ No

...[그는] 다시는...

“절대 말하지 마세요”라는 문구는 어떤 것도 배제하지 말라고 경고하는 조언입니다. 예를 들어, 사고 후에는 다시는 스키를 타지 않을 것이라고 말할 수 있습니다. 그러나 불과 1년 만에 당신은 다시 슬로프에 복귀했습니다. 여기서 트럼프는 말 그대로 ‘절대’를 의미합니다. 바그다디는 죽었으므로 다시는 해를 입힐 수 없습니다. 그럼에도 불구하고 우리는 확실하게 알 수 없음에도 불구하고 예측을 할 때 일상 대화에서 이 단어를 사용합니다. 예를 들어, “나는 다시는 대중 앞에서 춤을 추지 않을 것입니다.” “레스터시티는 다시는 프리미어리그 우승을 하지 못할 것이다.” 우리는 단지 모른다.

Idiom 2

“He reached the end of the tunnel...”

Tunnel vision:

Complete focus on one goal

She works on the project 16 hours a day. She has complete tunnel vision.

You need tunnel vision to achieve what he has achieved.

Does you have tunnel vision?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“No US personnel were lost **in** the operation.”

Trump’s speech was written beforehand and, apparently, he didn’t add much to the text. So the error in this excerpt is more of a quibble. Instead of using ‘in’, it would be more grammatically parallel to say, “No US personnel were lost **during** the operation.” ‘During’ indicates a temporal relationship, as do the prepositions in the following sentences. “He died **after** running into a dead-end tunnel” and “The compound had been cleared **by** this time...” Here, it should be pointed out, the lack of consistency in preposition usage is on the president’s speechwriters.

“작전 중 미군 인원은 아무도 희생되지 않았습니다.”

트럼프 대통령의 연설문은 사전에 작성되었으며, 트럼프 대통령이 그 문구에 많은 내용을 추가하지 않은 것으로 보입니다. 따라서 이 발췌문에서의 오류는 엄밀히 말하면 사소한 지적에 가깝습니다. ‘in’ 대신 ‘during’을 사용하는 것이 문법적으로 더 평행한 표현이 될 것입니다. 즉, “No US personnel were lost during the operation.”이라고 하는 편이 더 자연스럽습니다. ‘During’은 시간적 관계를 나타내며, 다음 문장에 사용된 전치사들도 마찬가지입니다. “그는 막다른 터널에 들어간 후 사망했습니다.” 그리고 “그때까지 그 건물은 이미 확보되어 있었습니다...” 여기서의 전치사 사용의 일관성이 부족한 책임이 대통령 본인보다는 연설문 작성자들에게 있다는 점을 지적할 필요가 있습니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
Baghdadi died like a coward.				
The world is now a safer place.				
Baghdadi’s colleagues had no idea what they were getting into.				
God blesses the United States of America.				

The Trump Style

Similes like a dog

Baghdadi, announced the president, died like a dog. Presumably he means animalistically, in some kind of wild. Most dogs actually die of natural causes. In any case, the implication is that his fate was less than human, and deservedly so. But on another occasion, Trump said that Egypt's former ruler, Hosni Mubarak, was "dropped like a dog." He also remarked that fellow Republican Ted Cruz "lies like a dog." Meanwhile, retired General Stanley McChrystal was "fired like a dog." Donald Trump is not a renowned pet lover. Yet he has a tendency towards man's best friend when describing certain unloved adversaries.

개처럼, ~처럼이라는 직유

대통령은 바그다디가 "개처럼 죽었다"고 발표했습니다. 아마도 그가 말하고자 한 것은 동물처럼, 즉 어떤 야생적인 방식으로 죽었다는 의미일 것입니다. 실제로 대부분의 개는 자연사합니다. 어쨌든 이 표현이 함축하는 바는 그의 최후가 인간다운 것이 아니었으며, 그렇게 될 만한 이유가 있었다는 것입니다. 하지만 다른 자리에서 트럼프는 이집트의 전 통치자 호스니 무바라크가 "개처럼 버림받았다"고 말했습니다. 또한 같은 공화당 소속인 테드 크루즈가 "개처럼 거짓말한다"고 말하기도 했습니다. 한편 퇴역 장군 스탠리 매크리스털은 "개처럼 해고되었습니다." 도널드 트럼프는 애완동물을 특별히 사랑하는 사람으로 알려져 있지는 않습니다. 그럼에도 그는 자신이 좋아하지 않는 특정한 상대를 묘사할 때 '인간의 가장 친한 친구'인 개를 자주 끌어들이는 경향이 있습니다.

The Trump Money Quote

"It's tangible, it's solid, it's beautiful. It's artistic, from my standpoint, and I just love real estate"

President Trump was not the first US president of modern times to announce the killing of a significant terrorist. But, unlike his predecessors, he offered a vivid retelling of the circumstances of the killing in the language of a Hollywood narrative. “He reached the end of the tunnel, as our dogs chased him down.” “His body was mutilated by the blast” as he was “violently eliminated.” Pursuit, tension, and the conflict of a computer combat game as a winning player –the United States operated by President Trump- triumphs over evil with God’s blessing. The president avoids the dry, sober language of his office and employs 14 adverbs and 9 adjectives in his memorable exposition.

개념

할리우드식 결말: “그때까지 그 건물은 이미

확보되어 있었습니다...”

트럼프 대통령은 현대 미국 대통령 가운데 중요한 테러리스트의 사망을 발표한 최초의 대통령은 아니었습니다. 그러나 이전 대통령들과는 달리, 그는 살해가 이루어진 상황을 할리우드 영화의 서사와 같은 생생한 언어로 다시 들려주었습니다. “그는 터널 끝까지 도망쳤고, 우리 군인들이 그를 뒤쫓았습니다.” 그는 “폭발로 인해 몸이 훼손되었고”, “폭력적으로 제거되었습니다.” 추격과 긴장감, 그리고 컴퓨터 전투 게임에서 승리한 플레이어처럼 대통령 트럼프가 이끄는 미국이 악을 물리치는 대결의 구도가 펼쳐집니다. 여기에 신의 축복까지 더해집니다. 대통령은 자신의 직책에 어울리는 건조하고 냉정한 언어를 피하고, 기억에 남는 묘사를 위해 14 개의 부사와 9 개의 형용사를 사용했습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 4 "Sleepy Joe and Crazy Bernie"

1. READING

#crazy #boot-edge-edge #THAAAT'LL #pick #_____

Context

The Trump here, why, who with...

On May 9th, 2019, President Trump was attending rallies in preparation for his campaign to be reelected. The identity of his Democratic opponent had not yet been determined. Trump amused supporters at the rally by referring to two possible candidates by nicknames he had given them, Sleepy Joe [Biden] and Crazy Bernie [Sanders]. He mockingly went on to mispronounce the surname of another.



2019 년 5 월 9 일, 트럼프 대통령은 재선 캠페인을 준비하며 여러 집회에 참석하고 있었습니다. 당시에는 민주당에서 누가 그의 대선 상대가 될지 아직 결정되지 않은 상태였습니다. 트럼프는 집회에서 민주당의 유력 후보 두 명에게 자신이 붙인 별명을 사용하며 지지자들을 즐겁게 했습니다. 그는 조 바이든을 "졸린 조(Sleepy Joe)", 버니 샌더스를 ***"미친 버니(Crazy Bernie)"**라고 부르며 이들을 조롱했습니다. 이어 다른 후보 한 명의 성을 일부러 잘못 발음하며 조롱을 이어갔습니다.

Vocabulary

Trump words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| 21. Sleepy | a. line, side, margin |
| 22. Foreign | b. stand for |
| 23. Vote | c. another person, anybody |
| 24. Crazy | d. overseas, abroad |
| 25. Pick | e. tired, old, dopy |
| 26. Somebody | f. poll, elect |
| 27. Chance | g. select, choose |
| 28. Edge | h. opportunity, odds, possibility |
| 29. Represent | i. irrational, unreasonable, mad |
| 30. Continue | j. persist, carry on |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

1. Joe Biden heard from foreign leaders.
2. They want him to be president.
3. Then they steal from the United States.
4. I would never vote for him.
5. Also we have Crazy Bernie.
6. The choice is between Sleepy Joe and Crazy Bernie.
7. They should just pick a candidate.
8. There is a candidate called Boot-edge-edge.
9. He can't represent the United States against China.
10. I want to watch him deal with Xi Jinping.

Trump in paragraphs...

One of the Democrats, Sleepy Joe, said he heard from foreign leaders. He said they want him to be president. Of course, then they can rip off the United States. I would never vote for him. Also we have Crazy Bernie. It is a choice between Sleepy Joe and Crazy Bernie. They should just pick somebody and start.

There is also a young man called Boot-edge-edge. He'll be great representing the United States against China. I want to be in the room to watch him with President Xi Jinping.

Excerpt

Trump text...



In fact one of the Democrats today said that he – it's a he, sleepy person [laughter]- said that he heard from a lot of foreign leaders and they want him to be President of course they do. So they can continue to rip off the United States. Of course they do, of course. I think if I heard that I'd never vote for him.

And then you have Bernie, Bernie. Crazy Bernie. We had a choice between Sleepy Joe and Crazy Bernie. And er I'll take any of them, let's just pick somebody please and let's start this thing. Let's start it. Pick somebody.

You have a young man, Boot-edge-edge. Boot-edge-edge [Pete Buttigieg]. They say *edge*, *edge*. He's got a great chance doesn't he. He'll be great, he'll be great. Representing us against President Xi of China, that'll be great. THAAAT'LL be great. I want to be in that room I want to watch that one.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means maintain, carry on.
2. Find and circle a word that means pick, decide on.
3. Find and circle a word that means drowsy, exhausted.
4. Find and circle a word that means possibility, opportunity.
5. Find and circle a word that means authorities, representatives.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. They can continue to _____ off the United States.
2. I'd never _____ for him.
3. Let's just _____ somebody.
4. He'll have a great _____.
5. He'll be _____, he'll be great.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump praises all of the Democratic candidates and supports their campaigns.
2. Trump mocks several Democratic candidates and questions their ability to represent the United States.
3. Trump believes Bernie Sanders should become president.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says some foreign leaders want the Democratic candidate to become president.
2. Trump says he would vote for Sleepy Joe.
3. Trump refers to Bernie Sanders as "Crazy Bernie."
4. Trump says Pete Buttigieg would be a strong representative against President Xi of China.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes...

Of course

“Of course it is hot in Saudi Arabia.” “Of course eagles can fly.” The phrase ‘of course’ underscores certainty about a fact. But President Trump prefers to use “of course” to underscore his assumptions. “Of course” foreign leaders would prefer to deal with a weaker opponent. “Of course” he, Trump, avoided paying federal income taxes in 1995. Who wouldn’t? These things are what smart people think and do.

Now make an assumption using the phrase, “Of course...”.

Circle your response:

When I bought this book, I had no idea what I was getting myself into.

☐ Yes

☐ No

When I got my first job, I had no idea what I was getting myself into.

☐ Yes

☐ No

물론이지

“사우디아라비아가 더운 것은 물론이지.” “독수리가 날 수 있는 것은 물론이지.” ‘물론(of course)’이라는 표현은 어떤 사실에 대한 확신을 강조합니다. 하지만 트럼프 대통령은 “물론”을 자신의 추측이나 가정을 강조하는 데 사용하는 것을 더 선호합니다. “물론” 외국 정상들은 더 약한 상대와 협상하기를 원할 것입니다. “물론” 트럼프 자신도 1995년에 연방 소득세 납부를 피했습니다. 누가 그렇게 하지 않겠습니까? 이런 것들은 똑똑한 사람들이 생각하고 행동하는 방식입니다.

Idiom 1

“I think if I heard that I’d never vote for him”

Like turkeys voting for Christmas:

Doing something self-defeating; harming yourself.

Students supporting cuts in education spending is like turkeys voting for Christmas.

Consumers campaigning for higher prices is like turkeys voting for Christmas.

Have you ever felt like a turkey voting for Christmas?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

We have a choice between...

Trump uses the phrase to demonstrate two bad options, what he derides as a sleepy candidate on the one hand and a crazy candidate on the other. In this way, the expression is often used to presage two bad options. "We have a choice between walking all the way home or hitching a ride." It can also be used for more abstract or rhetorical moments of selection. "We have a choice between hope and despair." And it can be used when being asked to opt for a preference. "We have a choice between fries or boiled potatoes. Whaddya want?"

Now make an example sentence offering a choice between two items.

We have a choice between _____

Circle your response:

I have a choice between trying hard or giving up.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I have a choice between being happy or unhappy.

☐ Yes

☐ No

우리는 ~ 중 하나를 선택해야 합니다

트럼프는 이 표현을 사용하여 두 가지 좋지 않은 선택지를 제시합니다. 한쪽에는 그가 조롱하듯 "졸린 후보"라고 부르는 후보가 있고, 다른 한쪽에는 "미친 후보"라고 부르는 후보가 있습니다.

이런 의미에서 이 표현은 흔히 좋지 않은 두 가지 선택지를 제시할 때 사용됩니다. "우리는 집까지 걸어가거나 차를 얻어 타고 가는 것 중 하나를 선택해야 합니다." 또한 보다 추상적이거나 수사적인 선택의 상황에서도 사용할 수 있습니다. "우리에게는 희망과 절망 중 하나를 선택할 수 있습니다." 누군가에게 선호하는 것을 고르라고 할 때에도 사용할 수 있습니다. "감자튀김과 삶은 감자 중 하나를 골라야 해. 뭐 먹을래?"

Idiom 2

"I think if I heard that I'd never vote for him"

Vote of confidence

An expression of praise of thanks or support.

You guys liking this meal is a real vote of confidence. Thanks!

She said I would never be a musician. Well, thanks for the vote of confidence!

Has anyone ever given you a vote of confidence?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“You have a young man, Boot-edge-edge. Boot-edge-edge. They say *edge, edge*.”

Pete Buttigieg is his name. The then mooted Democratic nominee to run against Trump graduated Harvard College, then attended Oxford University before serving as an intelligence officer in the United States Navy Reserve, where he was deployed to the war in Afghanistan for seven months in 2014. They are what are called credentials. It was less easy for Trump to find a seven-dwarves moniker such as sleepy or crazy with which to label his younger rival. However, the family name –Buttigieg’s father was born in Malta- is rare to the standard American ear. So Trump points this fact out by deliberately struggling with its pronunciation. The president was making the judgment that mocking foreignness was not a campaign error.

“젊은 사람이 하나 있는데, 부트-엣지-엣지. 부트-엣지-엣지. 사람들이 ‘엣지’, ‘엣지’라고 하더군요.” 그의 이름은 피트 부티지지입니다. 당시 트럼프에 맞서 출마할 민주당 후보로 거론되던 그는 하버드 칼리지를 졸업한 뒤 옥스퍼드 대학교에 진학했고, 이후 미국 해군 예비역 정보장교로 복무했습니다. 그는 2014 년 아프가니스탄 전쟁에 7 개월 동안 파병되기도 했습니다. 이러한 것들을 이른바 경력이나 자격 요건(credentials)이라고 합니다. 트럼프가 자신보다 젊은 경쟁자에게 ‘졸린’이나 ‘미친’과 같은 일곱 난쟁이식 별명을 붙이기는 쉽지 않았습니다. 하지만 부티지지의 성은—부티지지의 아버지는 몰타에서 태어났습니다—일반적인 미국인의 귀에는 매우 낯선 이름입니다. 그래서 트럼프는 그 성의 발음을 일부러 어려워하는 모습을 보임으로써 바로 이 점을 부각합니다. 대통령은 외국인이라는 점을 조롱하는 것이 선거에서 실수가 되지 않는 것이라고 판단했던 것입니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
Joe Biden is sleepy.				
Bernie Sanders is crazy.				
Foreign leaders prefer Trump.				
Pete Buttilieg could ‘handle’ Xi Jinping.				

The Trump Style

Grandstanding and sarcasm

Donald Trump hosted WrestleMania, a popular combat event. The host uses a mic to shout, cajole and yell crudities, threats, and commentary. There is not much scope for nuance and irony. Introducing the next bout of wrestling, a host, contestant, or manager might say, “I’ll take any of them, let’s just pick somebody please and let’s start this thing. Let’s start it.” It’s a style that works for Trump on the campaign trail. Although nuance and irony don’t meld into the wrestling presenter idiom, sarcasm, what Oscar Wilde called “the lowest form of wit,” works just fine. We can be sure that when Trump speaks of Pete Buttigieg representing the US against China – “that’ll be great. THAAAT’LL be great. I want to be in that room I want to watch that one” – he is not being sincere.

과시적 발언과 빈정거림

도널드 트럼프는 인기 있는 격투 이벤트인 레슬매니아(WrestleMania)를 진행한 적이 있습니다. 진행자는 마이크를 들고 소리를 지르고, 상대를 부추기거나 욕박지르며, 거친 말과 위협, 논평을 쏟아냅니다. 여기에는 미묘한 뉘앙스나 아이러니가 들어갈 여지가 많지 않습니다. 다음 레슬링 경기를 소개하면서 진행자나 선수, 또는 매니저는 이렇게 말할 수 있습니다. “난 누구든 상대할 겁니다. 그러니 제발 아무나 한 명 골라서 이걸 시작합시다. 시작하죠.” 이런 말투는 선거 유세에서 트럼프에게도 효과적으로 작용합니다. 뉘앙스와 아이러니는 레슬링 진행자의 말투와 잘 어울리지 않지만, 오스카 와일드가 “재치의 가장 낮은 형태”라고 부른 빈정거림은 아주 잘 어울립니다. 트럼프가 피트 부티지지가 중국을 상대로 미국을 대표하는 상황에 대해 “정말 좋겠네요. 정말 좋겠네요. 나도 그 방에 들어가서 그걸 지켜보고 싶습니다”라고 말했을 때, 그가 진심으로 말하는 것이 아니라는 것은 분명합니다.

The Trump Money Quote

“I’m going to be able to do things for women that no other candidate would be able to do.”

Idea

Nicknames: “And then you have Bernie, Bernie. Crazy Bernie.”

The middle English *ekename* came through bowdlerization to be pronounced *nickname*. It literally means ‘also-name’. Nicknames can be affectionate or designed to wound. Because they usually reduce people to a shorthand summary, we rarely apply them to ourselves. (Marco Rubio would almost never refer to himself as ‘Little Marco’ like Trump did.) Trump has devised and used over 60 nicknames to refer to other politicians. Many are just adjectives he uses in rotating fashion to slur an opponent (Leakin’/Lyn’/Shadey/Slimeball/Slippery James Comey). Some have a patina of wit (Ron de Sanctimonious –Ron DeSantis). Others are straightforwardly abusive (Gavin Newscum –Gavin Newsome). Some even mock geopolitical threats (Rocket Man –Kim Jong-un). Nicknames serve as a constant source of humor for The Donald/Orange Man, and humor beat sententiousness in 2016.

별명(Nickname)

중세 영어의 *ekename* 은 완곡한 변형을 거치면서 오늘날 *nickname* 으로 발음되게 되었습니다. 문자 그대로는 ‘또 다른 이름(also-name)’이라는 뜻입니다. 별명은 애정 어린 표현일 수도 있고, 상대방에게 상처를 주기 위해 만들어진 것일 수도 있습니다. 별명은 대개 사람을 짧은 말로 단순화해 표현하기 때문에, 우리는 보통 자기 자신에게 별명을 붙이지 않습니다. (예를 들어 마르코 루비오가 트럼프가 붙인 별명인 ‘리틀 마르코(Little Marco)’를 스스로 사용해 자신을 지칭하는 일은 거의 없을 것입니다.) 트럼프는 다른 정치인들을 가리키기 위해 60 개가 넘는 별명을 만들어 사용했습니다. 그중 많은 것은 상대방을 깎아내리기 위해 여러 표현을 번갈아 사용하는 것에 불과합니다. (Leakin’/Lyn’/Shadey/Slimeball/Slippery James Comey). 어떤 별명에는 재치가 살짝 묻어 있습니다. (Ron de Sanctimonious – 론 디샌티스) 또 어떤 것들은 노골적으로 모욕적입니다. (Gavin Newscum – 개빈 뉴섬) 심지어 지정학적 위협을 조롱하는 별명도 있습니다. (Rocket Man – 김정은) 별명은 ‘도널드(The Donald)’ 혹은 ‘오렌지 맨(Orange Man)’에게 끊임없이 유머를 만들어 내는 수단이 되었고, 2016 년에는 딱딱하고 교훈적인 말투보다 유머가 더 큰 힘을 발휘했습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 5 “This guy used a filthy, disgusting word”

1. READING

#buildthewall #border #10feettaller #apologize #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

In the presidential debate of February 2nd, 2016, nominee for the Republican presidential candidate was asked about the wall. Trump repeatedly promised to build a wall on the border between the US and Mexico to stop the spread of drugs and criminality which he said were invading the country from the south. In response, former Mexico president, Vicente Fox said Mexico is “not going to pay for that fucking wall.”



2016 년 2 월 2 일 열린 대선 토론에서, 공화당 대통령 후보 지명자인 트럼프는 ‘장벽(the wall)’에 관한 질문을 받았습니다. 트럼프는 멕시코와의 국경에 장벽을 건설하겠다고 거듭 약속했으며, 남쪽에서 미국으로 유입되어 미국을 침범하고 있다고 그가 주장한 마약과 범죄의 확산을 막기 위해서라고 설명했습니다. 이에 대해 멕시코의 전 대통령 비센테 폭스는 멕시코가 “그 빌어먹을 장벽에 돈을 내지 않을 것”이라고 말했습니다.

Vocabulary

Trump's synonyms...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| 31. In fact | a. past, previous |
| 32. Former | b. copy speech, |
| 33. Quote | c. loss, minus |
| 34. Actual | d. repulsive, sickening |
| 35. Statement | e. embarrassed, guilty |
| 36. Scandal | f. shame, story |
| 37. Filthy | g. in truth, in reality |
| 38. Disgusting | h. existing, real |
| 39. Ashamed | i. announcement, speech |
| 40. Deficit | j. unclean, dirty |

In Plain English

The Trump thought process...

1. Mexico will not pay for the wall.
2. Mexico won't give America billions of dollars.
3. Trump says the wall will be higher.
4. He saw the Mexican president swear on television.
5. Trump says he should apologize.
6. The US has a large trade deficit with Mexico.
7. Illegal drugs are coming from Mexico.
8. Trump will make them pay for the wall.

Trump in paragraphs...

Vicente Fox said Mexico will not pay for the wall. He says America won't receive billions of dollars. Trump says the wall will now be higher. He saw Fox swear on television. Fox should be ashamed of himself and apologize.

The US has a large trade deficit with Mexico. Illegal drugs are entering the country from Mexico. Trump will make them pay for the wall.

Excerpt

Trump text...



- In fact, the former president of Mexico, Vicente fox, he said today, and I'm quoting him, he said, I'm not going to pay for that, quote, effing wall. So if you don't get an actual check from the Mexican government for \$8 billion or \$10 billion or \$12 billion, whatever it will cost, how are you going to make them pay for the wall?
- I will and the wall just got 10 feet taller, believe me. It just got 10 feet taller. I saw him make that -- I saw him make the statement. I saw him use the word that he used. I can only tell you, if I would have used even half of that word, it would have been a national scandal. This guy used a filthy, disgusting word on television and he should be ashamed of himself and he should apologize, okay? Number one. Number two, we have a trade deficit with Mexico of \$58 billion a year. And that doesn't include all the drugs that are pouring across and destroying our country. We're going to make them pay for that wall. Now, the wall is \$10 billion to \$12 billion, if I do it. If these guys do it, it'll end up costing \$200 billion.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means disgrace, humiliation.
2. Find and circle a word that means expense, expenditure.
3. Find and circle a word that means flooding, streaming.
4. Find and circle a word that means shortfall, debt.
5. Find and circle a word that means filthy, revolting.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. The wall just got 10 feet _____.
2. It would have been a national _____.
3. He should be _____ of himself.
4. We have a trade _____ with Mexico.
5. The drugs are _____ across and destroying our country.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump argues that Mexico should pay for a wall and criticizes the cost of building it.
2. Trump believes Mexico has no trade problems with the United States.
3. Trump says the wall should not be built because it would cost too much.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says the wall will cost between \$10 and \$12 billion if he builds it.
2. Trump says the trade deficit with Mexico is \$58 million a year.
3. Trump criticizes the language used by the former president of Mexico.
4. Trump says drugs entering the United States are harming the country.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump Tropes...

Number one, number two

In the heat of a debate, a speaker might try to clear some time by enumerating his points. To paraphrase, *'Number one. The former Mexican leader should be ashamed of himself. Number two. we have a trade deficit with Mexico.'* There is a number three, too, regarding the border drug situation. But Trump addends it as a sub issue of the financial relationship with America's neighbor. In the short time available to him, Trump emphasizes his points numerically while doubling-down on his standpoint.

Now make two points about the issue of English education.

1. _____
2. _____

Circle your response:

High school English is boring.

☐ Yes

☐ No

AI will eventually teach English better than human teachers.

☐ Yes

☐ No

첫째, 둘째

열띤 토론 중에 발언자는 자신의 요점을 번호를 매겨 열거하면서 시간을 벌기도 합니다. 풀어서 말하면, '첫째, 전 멕시코 대통령은 자기 자신을 부끄러워해야 합니다. 둘째, 미국은 멕시코와의 무역에서 적자를 보고 있습니다.'라는 식입니다. 국경을 통한 마약 유입 문제와 관련해 셋째 요점도 있습니다. 하지만 트럼프는 이를 미국과 이웃 국가 사이의 경제적 관계에 관한 문제에 덧붙인 부수적인 쟁점으로 다룹니다. 자신에게 주어진 짧은 시간 동안 트럼프는 자신의 입장을 더욱 강하게 고수하면서 요점을 숫자로 강조합니다.

Idiom 1

"We're going to make them pay for that wall."

Pay through the nose

To overpay, to be charged more than is fair and reasonable

We paid through the nose for this car and it has already broken down!

You have to pay through the nose for a ticket to a BTS concert.

Have you ever paid through the nose for a meal?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

I can only tell you...

“Okay?” (rhetorical questioning), “Number one, number two...” (enumeration), and “It just got ten feet taller, it just got ten feet taller...” (repetition) are some of the well-used Trumpian methods for emphasis. Another is opening a statement with the pseudo-confessional phrasing, “I can only tell you,,,” *I can only tell you* suggest intimacy, open, honest declaration between speaker and audience, and some sort of personal insight into the speaker’s raw character. I can only tell you that I have never even thought about doing it. I can only tell you that my feelings are real...etc. “In truth”, “trust me”, and even “Look” are variations conveying a similar tone.

What can you “only tell me”?

I can only tell you _____

Circle your response:

I can only tell you I love my mother.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I can only tell you I would never drive through a red light.

☐ Yes

☐ No

제가 말씀드릴 수 있는 것은...

“알겠죠?”(수사적 질문), “첫째, 둘째...”(열거), 그리고 “10 피트 더 높아졌습니다. 10 피트 더 높아졌습니다...”(반복)는 트럼프가 강조를 위해 자주 사용하는 몇 가지 방식입니다. 또 다른 방법은 “제가 말씀드릴 수 있는 것은...”이라는 고백하는 듯한 표현으로 말을 시작하는 것입니다. “제가 말씀드릴 수 있는 것은”이라는 표현은 화자와 청자 사이에 친밀감이 있고, 화자가 솔직하고 숨김없이 이야기하며 자신의 꾸밈없는 본모습에 대한 일종의 개인적인 통찰을 전해준다는 인상을 줍니다. “제가 말씀드릴 수 있는 것은 제가 그런 일을 할 생각은 한 번도 해본 적이 없다는 것입니다.” “제가 말씀드릴 수 있는 것은 제 감정이 진짜라는 것입니다.” 등과 같이 사용할 수 있습니다. “사실은”, “저를 믿으세요”, 심지어 “보세요” 역시 비슷한 어조를 전달하는 변형된 표현들입니다.

Idiom 2

“...the wall just got ten feet taller.”

Feel ten feet tall

To feel proud of yourself.

I felt ten feet tall after passing my driving test.

She felt ten feet tall after reaching the summit.

Have you ever felt ten feet tall?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“If I would have used even half of that word, it would have been a national scandal.”

When trying to emphasize his point, Trump uses *would* twice. He should only have used it in the second clause. The error causes him to mix up his tenses. The correct sentence should have been, “If I had used even half that word, it would have been a national scandal.” He should have used the past perfect tense to express a hypothetical situation about the past. Talking about the past hypothetically is only easy to do in theory.

“내가 그 말의 절반만이라도 사용했더라면, 그것은 전국적인 스캔들이 되었을 것입니다.”

트럼프는 자신의 주장을 강조하려 할 때 *would* 를 두 번 사용합니다. 하지만 *would* 는 두 번째 절에서만 사용해야 합니다. 이 오류 때문에 시제가 뒤섞였습니다. 올바른 문장은 “If I had used even half that word, it would have been a national scandal.”이어야 합니다. 과거에 일어났던 일을 가정적으로 표현할 때는 과거완료 시제를 사용해야 합니다. 과거의 일을 가정적으로 말하는 것은 이론적으로는 간단하지만, 실제로는 그렇지 않습니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes, then write why...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
Fox should be ashamed of himself.				
If Trump had sworn, it would have been a national scandal.				
A border wall between countries is a good idea.				
The trade deficit with Mexico is a big problem.				

The Trump Style

Okay? The appeal to reason.

During the debate, Donald Trump is flanked by two rivals for the Republican nomination, Ted Cruz and Marco Rubio. On the matter of the cost of the border wall dividing Mexico and the United States, Trump quotes his estimate: \$10 billion to \$12 billion “if I do it.” As an afterthought, he then refers to the men either side of him. “If these guys do it, it’ll end up costing \$200 billion.” The crowd cheer and, for a moment at least, Cruz and Rubio only stand at their podiums, blank and silenced. Trump the real estate business mogul gets things done, okay? And, for swearing on television, using a filthy, disgusting word, Vicente Fox should apologize, okay?

알겠죠? 이성에 호소하기

토론에서 도널드 트럼프는 공화당 후보 지명을 놓고 경쟁하는 두 상대, 테드 크루즈와 마르코 루비오 사이에 서 있습니다. 멕시코와 미국을 가르는 국경 장벽의 비용 문제에 대해 트럼프는 자신이 추산한 금액을 인용합니다. “내가 한다면” 100 억~120 억 달러가 든다는 것입니다. 그리고 문득 생각난 듯, 양옆에 서 있는 두 사람을 언급합니다. “이 사람들이 한다면 결국 2,000 억 달러가 들 겁니다.” 군중은 환호하고, 적어도 잠시 동안 크루즈와 루비오는 멍한 표정으로 연단에 서서 아무 말도 하지 못합니다. 부동산 사업가인 트럼프는 일을 해냅니다, 알겠죠? 그리고 TV에서 욕설을 하고, 지저분하고 역겨운 말을 한 비센테 폭스는 사과해야 합니다, 알겠죠?

The Trump Money Quote

“We need a wall. When they were saying, “No, no, we need drones. We need drones.” I said, “Why? So you can watch the people pour into our country illegally?”

Idea

Walls: “The wall just got 10 feet taller, **believe me.**”

The border wall with Mexico was a cornerstone of Donald Trump’s campaign. It was a promise to protect America from criminality to the south. Opponents said it would be ineffective and a symbol of division. But division can clarify a political identity. Trump wasn’t interested in appeasing his opponents or unwelcome visitors from abroad. Nor were the Romans when they built Hadrian’s wall and nor was Lord Huan when he built The Great Wall of Qi in Central Shandong Province 27 centuries ago. Trump referred to himself as a ‘wall-builder’ in this way, whether he was aware of The Great Wall of Qi or not. He even called the structure ‘beautiful’, as if his administration would be bequeathing to future generations an aesthetic wonder of the world. The wall put distance between his rivals in his own party more than those in The Democratic Party.

개념

장벽(Walls):

“그 장벽은 이제 10 피트 더 높아졌습니다, 믿어주세요(believe me).”

멕시코와의 국경 장벽은 도널드 트럼프 선거운동의 핵심 공약이었습니다. 그것은 남쪽에서 들어오는 범죄로부터 미국을 보호하겠다는 약속이었습니다. 반대자들은 그 장벽이 효과가 없을 것이며 분열의 상징이 될 것이라고 말했습니다. 하지만 분열은 정치적 정체성을 더욱 분명하게 만들 수도 있습니다. 트럼프는 자신의 반대자들이나 해외에서 온 반갑지 않은 방문객들을 달래는데 관심이 없었습니다. 로마인들도 하드리아누스 장벽을 세울 때 그랬고, 27 세기 전 중국 산둥성 중부에 제나라 장성을 세운 환공도 마찬가지였습니다. 트럼프는 제나라 장성에 대해 알고 있었는지 여부와 관계없이, 이런 의미에서 자신을 ‘장벽을 세우는 사람(wall-builder)’이라고 표현했습니다. 그는 심지어 그 구조물을 ‘아름답다’고 부르기도 했는데, 마치 자신의 행정부가 미래 세대에게 세계의 미적 경이로움을 물려주기라도 할 것처럼 말입니다. 그 장벽은 민주당의 경쟁자들보다 오히려 자신의 당 안에 있는 경쟁자들과 자신 사이에 더 큰 거리를 만들어 놓았습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 6 “The Invisible China Virus”

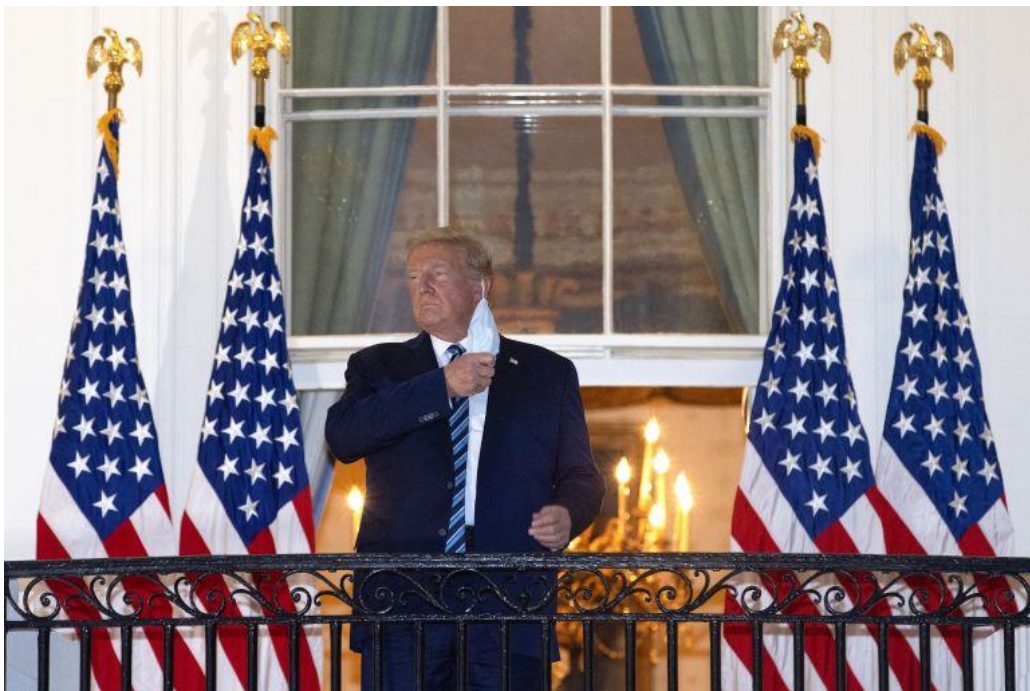
1. READING

#covid #vaccine #tweet #patriotic #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

A new coronavirus originated in China in 2019. It dominated world news for the next 3 years. President Trump used social media to defend his handling of the crisis. He eventually contracted the virus in September, 2020. At 3.37am, October 6th, 2020, President Trump informed the world, via his Twitter account, that he would be leaving hospital and returning to the White House.



2019 년 중국에서 새로운 코로나바이러스가 발생했습니다. 이 바이러스는 이후 3 년 동안 전 세계 언론의 주요 관심사가 되었습니다. 트럼프 대통령은 소셜 미디어를 통해 코로나 19 위기에 대한 자신의 대응을 옹호했습니다. 결국 그는 2020 년 9 월 코로나바이러스에 감염되었습니다. 2020 년 10 월 6 일 오전 3 시 37 분, 트럼프 대통령은 자신의 트위터 계정을 통해 병원을 나와 백악관으로 돌아갈 것이라고 전 세계에 알렸습니다.

Vocabulary

Trump words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| 1. Dominate | a. idea, notion |
| 2. Administration | b. making, production |
| 3. Marks | c. patriotic, loyal to country |
| 4. Handling | d. signs, grades |
| 5. United | e. competitive, rival |
| 6. Patriotic | f. government, management |
| 7. Concept | g. controlling, ruling |
| 8. Global warming | h. working with, dealing with |
| 9. Manufacturing | i. together, joined |
| 10. Competitive | j. rising temperatures, climate change |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

9. I will leave hospital today.
10. Don't fear the coronavirus.
11. We have good drug treatments.
12. The US is handling the virus.
13. Vaccines are coming.
14. We will defeat this virus.
15. It is patriotic to wear a mask.
16. Please socially distance.

Trump in paragraphs ...

I will leave hospital today feeling well. There is no need to fear the coronavirus.

We have developed effective drug treatments. The US is handling the virus better than other countries.

The vaccines are coming. So we will defeat this virus. And is patriotic to wear a mask. Also, remember to socially distance.

Excerpt

Trump original...



@realDonaldTrump

I will be leaving the great Walter Reed Medical Center today at 6:30 P.M. Feeling really good! Don't be afraid of Covid. Don't let it dominate your life. We have developed, under the Trump Administration, some really great drugs & knowledge. I feel better than I did 20 years ago!

3:37 AM · Oct 6, 2020

@realDonaldTrump

Starting to get VERY high marks in our handling of the Coronavirus (China Virus), especially when compared to other countries and areas of the world. Now the Vaccines (Plus) are coming, and fast!

10:26 PM · Sep 7, 2020

@realDonaldTrump

We are United in our effort to defeat the Invisible China Virus, and many people say that it is Patriotic to wear a face mask when you can't socially distance. There is nobody more Patriotic than me, your favorite President!

4:43 AM · Jul 21, 2020

@realDonaldTrump

The concept of global warming was created by and for the Chinese in order to make U.S. manufacturing non-competitive.

4:15 AM · Nov 7, 2012

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means idea, notion.
2. Find and circle a word that means manage, dealing with.
3. Find and circle a word that means united, joined together.
4. Find and circle a word that means uncompetitive, unable to compete.
5. Find and circle a word that means control, take over.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. Don't let it _____ your life.
2. We have developed, under the Trump _____, some really great drugs & knowledge.
3. Starting to get VERY high _____ in our handling of the Coronavirus.
4. We are _____ in our effort to defeat the Invisible China Virus.
5. The _____ of global warming was created by and for the Chinese.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's texts?

1. Trump discusses his recovery, his administration's handling of COVID-19, patriotism, and his views on global warming.
2. Trump argues that Americans should not wear face masks.
3. Trump explains why China should control U.S. manufacturing.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says he feels better than he did 20 years ago.
2. Trump says vaccines are coming slowly.
3. Trump says wearing a face mask can be patriotic when people cannot socially distance.
4. Trump says global warming was created to make U.S. manufacturing more competitive.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Many people say that...

This expression takes the listener's attention away from the speaker. What the speaker is about to say is not necessarily the speaker's own viewpoint. Thus, the speaker cannot be accused of lying. e.g., "Many people say that sugar kills." "Many people say that the earth is flat." "Many people say that all tax is theft." An individual, especially a politician, can suggest something is the case without directly claiming it.

Now make a claim using, "Many people say that...".

Many people say that _____

Circle your response:

Many people say that the moon is made of blue cheese.

☐ Yes

☐ No

Many people say that life is hard.

☐ Yes

☐ No

많은 사람들이 말하듯이...

이 표현은 듣는 사람의 관심을 화자에게서 다른 곳으로 돌립니다. 화자가 이제 말하려는 내용이 반드시 화자 자신의 견해인 것은 아닙니다. 따라서 화자는 거짓말을 했다고 비난받을 수 있는 여지를 피할 수 있습니다. 예를 들어, "많은 사람들이 설탕이 사람을 죽인다고 말합니다." "많은 사람들이 지구가 평평하다고 말합니다." "많은 사람들이 모든 세금은 도둑질이라고 말합니다." 개인, 특히 정치인은 어떤 것이 사실이라는 점을 직접 주장하지 않고도 그것이 사실인 것처럼 암시할 수 있습니다.

Idiom 1

"Feeling really good!"

Feel hard done by

To be treated unjustly or harshly

I've worked really hard but the boss didn't promote me. I feel hard done by.

He thinks he was hard done by getting prison time for dangerous driving.

Have you ever been hard done by?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

There is nobody more...

This phrase is used to emphasis the subject's special qualities or efforts in a particular field of endeavor. eg., "There is nobody more patient than me." "There is nobody more qualified to talk about company tax law than me." It is often used, as by the president here, when the speaker wishes to defend themselves. The format of the "There is nobody..." trope can be adjusted to make the statement more specific. Donald Trump once said, "Nobody has done more for...religion itself than me."

Now defend yourself using, "There is nobody..." + adjective.

There is nobody more _____ than me.

Circle your response:

There is nobody more sensitive than you.

☐ Yes

☐ No

There is nobody more happy than a child given an ice cream.

☐ Yes

☐ No

나보다 더 ~한 사람은 없습니다...

이 표현은 특정한 분야에서 어떤 사람이 가진 특별한 자질이나 노력을 강조할 때 사용됩니다. 예를 들어, "나보다 더 인내심이 많은 사람은 없습니다." "기업 세법에 관해서는 나보다 더 잘 아는 사람은 없습니다."와 같이 사용할 수 있습니다. 이 표현은 여기서 대통령이 사용한 것처럼 화자가 자신을 변호하고자 할 때 자주 사용됩니다. "There is nobody..."라는 표현의 형식은 보다 구체적인 내용을 담도록 바꾸어 사용할 수도 있습니다. 도널드 트럼프는 한때 "종교 그 자체를 위해 나보다 더 많은 일을 한 사람은 없습니다."라고 말했습니다.

Idiom 2

"Feeling really good!"

Feel out of it

To feel excluded or like a stranger

I wasn't invited to my sister's party so I feel out of it.

I didn't know anyone at the wedding so I felt out of it.

Do you ever feel out of it amongst strangers?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“Starting to get VERY high marks in our handling of the Coronavirus.”

This is not a complete sentence; it is a sentence fragment. Of course, people in everyday conversation frequently communicate in sentence fragments. In the comparatively informal context of a social media post, fragmentary constructions are also common. But in formal written English, a sentence fragment is generally considered an error unless it is being used deliberately, as in fiction or reported speech. The addition of a subject and the auxiliary verb would make the president’s sentence grammatically correct: “We are starting to get VERY high marks in our handling of the Coronavirus.”

“코로나바이러스에 대한 우리의 대응이 매우 높은 평가를 받기 시작하고 있습니다.”

이것은 완전한 문장이 아니라 문장 단편(sentence fragment)입니다. 물론 일상적인 대화에서는 사람들이 문장 단편을 사용하여 의사소통하는 경우가 많습니다. 비교적 비공식적인 맥락인 소셜 미디어 게시물에서도 이러한 불완전한 문장 구조는 흔히 사용됩니다. 하지만 공식적인 문어 영어에서는 소셜이나 인용된 발언처럼 의도적으로 사용하는 경우가 아니라면, 일반적으로 문장 단편은 오류로 간주됩니다. 주어와 조동사를 추가하면 대통령의 문장은 문법적으로 올바른 문장이 됩니다. 즉, “우리는 코로나바이러스에 대한 우리의 대응으로 매우 높은 평가를 받기 시작하고 있습니다.”라고 할 수 있습니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
The Trump administration handled the coronavirus well.				
The vaccines were effective.				
It was patriotic to wear a mask.				
Global warming was created by the Chinese.				

The Trump Style

The exclamation mark!

Before text messaging and social media, the exclamation mark was mainly used to denote imperatives and warnings. “Think!” “Danger!” “Shut the door upon entering!” Exclamation marks served to reinforce advice and orders. Now exclamation marks are less ‘shouty’. They are often used to back up positive statements of agreement or assessment. “I would love to come to your party!” “Such a great party last night!” They are even occasionally used in place of question marks. “When is the next party!” Trump often uses exclamation marks to punctuate positive statements about himself. “Feeling really good!” “There is nobody more patriotic than me, your favorite president!”

느낌표!

문자 메시지와 소셜 미디어가 등장하기 전에는 느낌표가 주로 명령이나 경고를 나타내는 데 사용되었습니다. “생각해!” “위험!” “들어오면서 문을 닫아!” 느낌표는 조언이나 명령을 강조하는 역할을 했습니다. 이제 느낌표는 예전처럼 ‘소리를 지르는 듯한’ 느낌이 덜합니다. 긍정적인 의견이나 평가에 동의를 나타내거나 이를 뒷받침하기 위해 자주 사용됩니다. “네 파티에 꼭 가고 싶어!” “어젯밤 파티 정말 좋았어!” 때로는 물음표 대신 사용되기도 합니다. “다음 파티는 언제야!” 트럼프는 자신에 대한 긍정적인 발언을 강조하기 위해 느낌표를 자주 사용합니다. “기분이 정말 좋습니다!” “나보다 애국심이 강한 사람은 없습니다. 여러분이 가장 좋아하는 대통령인 나 말입니다!”

The Trump Money Quote

“If I get my name in the paper, if people pay attention, that’s what matters.”

Idea **Direct Comms:** “I will be leaving the great Walter Reed Medical Center today at 6:30pm.”

Between 1933 and 1944, President Franklin Roosevelt made some 30 radio addresses to the American public. His talks were often referred to as “fireside chats” to reinforce the idea of the president having a real presence in the American family home. If he had been the 45th rather than 32nd United States President, ‘FDR’ would surely have used social media, the quickest direct communications method available. During his presidency, President Trump sent out over 25,000 tweets. X, then called Twitter, is a politician’s direct sales method. They can bypass the editing and opinions of journalists. And they can do it at any time of the day. Trump decided it was “Patriotic to wear a facemask” at 4.43am.

개념 **직접 소통(Direct Comms):** "오늘 오후 6 시 30 분에 훌륭한 월터 리드 국립 군의료센터를 떠날 것입니다."

1933년부터 1944년까지 프랭클린 루스벨트 대통령은 미국 국민을 대상으로 약 30 차례 라디오 연설을 했습니다. 그의 연설은 대통령이 미국 가정의 거실에 실제로 함께 있는 듯한 존재감을 갖게 한다는 의미에서 흔히 “노변대화(fireside chats)”라고 불렸습니다. 만약 그가 미국의 32대 대통령이 아니라 45대 대통령이었다면, ‘FDR’은 분명 소셜 미디어를 사용했을 것입니다. 소셜 미디어는 당시 이용할 수 있는 가장 빠른 직접 소통 수단이었을 테니까요. 트럼프 대통령은 재임 기간 동안 2만 5천 건이 넘는 트윗을 올렸습니다. 당시 트위터라고 불렸던 X는 정치인에게 일종의 직접 판매 수단입니다. 정치인들은 이를 통해 언론인의 편집이나 의견을 거치지 않고 대중에게 직접 메시지를 전달할 수 있습니다. 게다가 하루 중 언제든지 그렇게 할 수 있습니다. 트럼프는 새벽 4시 43분에 “마스크를 쓰는 것은 애국적인 일”이라고 결정하듯 발표했습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 7 "Stop the steal!"

1. READING

#rigged #honest #radical #landslide #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

Following his loss in the 2020 ballot, Trump supporters converged on Congress to demonstrate. On January 6th, several people died in the violence. Days later, President Trump addressed supporters on the subject of the vote count. In doing so, he repeated a phrase that became the slogan of those who distrusted the election process: "Stop the steal."



2020 년 대선에서 패배한 뒤, 트럼프 지지자들은 시위를 벌이기 위해 의회로 모여들었습니다. 1 월 6 일, 발생한 폭력 사태로 여러 명이 사망했습니다. 며칠 후, 트럼프 대통령은 선거 개표 결과에 관해 지지자들에게 연설했습니다. 이 과정에서 그는 선거 절차를 불신하는 사람들의 구호가 된 한 문구를 반복했습니다.

"Stop the steal." — "부정선거를 막아라."

Vocabulary

Trump words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Rig | a. magnificent, splendid |
| 2. Either | b. respect, admire |
| 3. Notice | c. one or the other |
| 4. Honor | d. give in, admit |
| 5. Committed | e. observe, recognize |
| 6. Integrity | f. huge victory, overwhelming win |
| 7. Glorious | g. cheat, manipulate |
| 8. Emboldened | h. strong moral character, honesty |
| 9. Concede | i. determined, dedicated |
| 10. Landslide | j. encourage, inspire |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

17. We surprised everybody by winning the election.
18. They cheated the election.
19. It is a great honor that you came.
20. Patriots believe in our republic.
21. We don't want the election stolen.
22. The Democrats and media stole the election.
23. We don't accept a stolen election.
24. Our country will not accept it.
25. We will stop the steal.
26. I have evidence that we won the election.

Trump in paragraphs ...

We surprised everybody four years ago by winning the election. This year, they cheated and rigged the election. It is a great honor that you came here today. So many patriots believe in our republic.

We don't want to see the election stolen. The Democrats and media have stolen the election. We will not concede a stolen election. Our country will not accept this anymore. We will stop the steal. I will provide evidence proving we won the election.

Excerpt

Trump original...



Big tech is now coming into their own. We beat them four years ago. We surprised them. We took them by surprise and this year they rigged an election. They rigged it like they've never rigged an election before. And by the way, last night they didn't do a bad job either if you notice.

I'm honest. And I just, again, I want to thank you. It's just a great honor to have this kind of crowd and to be before you and hundreds of thousands of American patriots who are committed to the honesty of our elections and the integrity of our glorious republic.

All of us here today do not want to see our election victory stolen by emboldened radical-left Democrats, which is what they're doing. And stolen by the fake news media. That's what they've done and what they're doing. We will never give up, we will never concede. It doesn't happen. You don't concede when there's theft involved.

Our country has had enough. We will not take it anymore and that's what this is all about. And to use a favorite term that all of you people really came up with: We will stop the steal. Today I will lay out just some of the evidence proving that we won this election and we won it by a landslide. This was not a close election.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means courageous, devoted.
2. Find and circle a word that means stolen, taken away.
3. Find and circle a word that means proof, information showing something is true.
4. Find and circle a word that means huge victory, overwhelming win.
5. Find and circle a word that means honest, truthful.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. We took them by _____.
2. I want to thank you. It's just a great _____ to have this kind of crowd.
3. We will never give up, we will never _____.
4. We will stop the _____.
5. This was not a _____ election.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump claims that the election was unfairly manipulated and that he actually won by a large margin.
2. Trump accepts the election result and congratulates his opponents.
3. Trump explains why he believes the election was very close.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says he was surprised by Big Tech four years earlier.
2. Trump says he will concede because theft was involved.
3. Trump describes the people in the crowd as committed to election integrity.
4. Trump says the election was a close contest.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes...

It's just a great honor to...

When he visited North Korea, President Trump said, "It was my honor to become the first sitting US president to set foot in North Korea." The DPRK has been a sworn enemy of the USA for over 70 years. When facing arraignment charges relating to the events of January 6th, Trump said, "It's a great honor to be arrested for you [his supporters]." A speaker using this phrase might usually say something like, "It was a great honor to win this award" or "It was a great honor to be invited here today." Donald Trump prefers to subvert the phrase to rile his opponents.

Now make a sentence saying how you have felt honored in the past.

It was a great honor to _____

Circle your response:

It is a great honor to meet the president of any country.

☐ Yes

☐ No

It is a great honor to have dinner.

☐ Yes

☐ No

~하게 되어 정말 큰 영광입니다

트럼프 대통령은 북한을 방문했을 때 이렇게 말했습니다. "미국의 현직 대통령으로서 처음으로 북한 땅을 밟게 되어 영광이었습니다." 북한은 70년이 넘도록 미국의 적대국이었습니다. 1월 6일 사건과 관련된 기소 혐의로 출석 절차를 밟게 되었을 때, 트럼프는 "여러분[자신의 지지자들]을 위해 체포되는 것은 정말 큰 영광입니다"라고 말했습니다. 이 표현을 사용하는 화자는 보통 "이상을 받게 되어 정말 큰 영광이었습니다" 또는 "오늘 이 자리에 초대받게 되어 정말 큰 영광이었습니다"와 같은 말을 할 것입니다. 하지만 도널드 트럼프는 상대방을 자극하기 위해 이 표현을 뒤틀어 사용하는 것을 선호합니다.

Idiom

"Last night they didn't do a bad job either..."

A good job

Something worked out well; fortunately

It rained so it was a good job we brought our umbrellas.

I didn't bring a key. It was a good job you brought yours.

Was it a good job you got this book?

☐ Yes

☐ No

I'm honest

The president's declarations of his own virtues are, to some, funny. He has said, "No one respects women more than me." "I am the least racist person you'll ever meet." "I'm very, very intelligent." "No one reads the bible more than me." And even, "I was saved by God to make America great again." All self-modesty is false, so Donald Trump doesn't waste time on it. And here, in a two-word claim, he tells us that we can believe him: "I'm honest." He speaks bluntly of his own qualities. However, if all modesty is false, isn't all self-praise worthless?

Now, without modesty, praise yourself.

I'm _____

Circle your response:

I am more honest than anyone I know.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I was born to make Korea great again.

☐ Yes

☐ No

나는 정직합니다

대통령이 자신의 장점을 스스로 선언하는 모습은 어떤 사람들에게는 우스꽝스럽게 느껴집니다. 그는 이렇게 말한 적이 있습니다. "나보다 여성을 더 존중하는 사람은 없습니다." "여러분이 만나게 될 사람 중 내가 가장 인종차별적이지 않은 사람입니다." "나는 아주, 아주 똑똑합니다." "나보다 성경을 더 많이 읽는 사람은 없습니다." 심지어 "미국을 다시 위대하게 만들도록 하나님께서 나를 구원하셨습니다."라고도 말했습니다. 모든 겸손은 거짓이므로, 도널드 트럼프는 그런 데 시간을 낭비하지 않습니다. 그리고 여기서는 단 두 단어로 자신이 정직하다는 사실을 선언하며 우리가 자신의 말을 믿을 수 있다고 말합니다. "나는 정직합니다." 그는 자신의 장점에 대해 거리낌 없이 직설적으로 말합니다. 하지만 모든 겸손이 거짓이라면, 모든 자기 칭찬 역시 가치가 없는 것은 아닐까요?

Idiom 2

"Last night they didn't do a bad job either..."

Don't give up the day job.

When a person lacks talent

I've seen you tap dance. Don't give up the day job.

If this is your idea of DIY, don't give up the day job.

Do you want to quit your day job?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“Big tech is now coming into their own.”

When something “comes into its/his/her/etc own” it means it has developed strength, capabilities, and independence. Trump is describing the threat posed by electronic voting technology. But ‘big tech’ is a collective noun. It describes numerous technology industries as a single group. It should not use the plural agreement, ‘their’. Instead, the president should have asserted that “big tech is coming into its own.” Similarly, “The company said they will announce the results tomorrow” and “The committee has reached their decision” are both incorrect.

“빅테크가 이제 제 역량을 발휘하기 시작하고 있습니다.”

어떤 것이 “comes into its/his/her/etc. own”이라고 하면, 그것이 힘과 능력, 독립성을 갖추며 발전했다는 의미입니다. 트럼프는 여기서 전자투표 기술이 제기하는 위협을 설명하고 있습니다. 하지만 ‘big tech’는 집합명사(collective noun)입니다. 여러 기술 산업을 하나의 집단으로 묶어 표현하는 말입니다. 따라서 복수형 대명사인 ‘their’를 사용하는 것은 적절하지 않습니다. 대신 대통령은 “big tech is coming into its own”이라고 말했어야 합니다. 마찬가지로 “The company said they will announce the results tomorrow”와 “The committee has reached their decision” 역시 잘못된 표현입니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
President Trump is honest.				
The election was stolen.				
The world was surprised.				
President Trump won by a landslide.				

The Trump Style

Sloganeering

During Donald Trump's first presidential campaign, his supporters could be seen wearing prominent red baseball caps. The letters M.A.G.A were printed across the front. Make America Great Again was proposed and ridiculed in equal measure. That's how slogans and acronyms are supposed to work. They are supposed to catch the eye (or ear). No one even remembers whether Hilary Clinton had a slogan (Obama: "Yes, we can."). After Trump lost, Stop the steal was adopted for its punchy clarity and alliterative appeal.

구호화(Sloganeering)

도널드 트럼프의 첫 번째 대통령 선거운동 당시, 그의 지지자들은 눈에 띄는 빨간 야구 모자를 쓰고 다니는 모습이 자주 보였습니다. 모자 앞면에는 M.A.G.A 라는 글자가 크게 새겨져 있었습니다. "미국을 다시 위대하게 만들자(Make America Great Again)"라는 구호는 사람들의 열렬한 지지를 받는 동시에 조롱의 대상이 되기도 했습니다. 구호와 두문자어(acronym)는 원래 그런 방식으로 작동합니다. 사람들의 눈이나 귀를 사로잡아야 하는 것입니다. 힐러리 클린턴에게 구호가 있었는지조차 기억하는 사람은 거의 없습니다. (오바마: "Yes, we can.") 트럼프가 패배한 후에는 "Stop the steal"이라는 구호가 짧고 강렬하며 두운을 이루는 효과 때문에 널리 채택되었습니다.

The Trump Money Quote

"Part of the beauty of me is that I am very rich."

Idea

Conspiracy: “We will not take it anymore.”

A person ‘who will not take it anymore’ is suggesting they are a victim of persecution and conspiracy. “The teachers always pick on me. I will not take it anymore.” “The neighbors deliberately keep their music on all night. I will not take it anymore.” Here, Trump is claiming that half the country –his supporters- are being victimized. He is suggesting that this stealing, rigging, and cheating is part of a pattern. And the pattern is no coincidence. It is organized by opposing forces, such as big tech and the fake media against American patriots. It is a conspiracy. Conspiracies are commonplace. History is the story of conspiracies and accusations of conspiracy. It is comparatively rare for the most powerful person in the world to state in public that he is the victim of one. But back in 2012, citizen trump was tweeting that “The concept of global warming was created by and for the Chinese in order to make US manufacturing non-competitive.”

개념

음모(Conspiracy): “우리는 더 이상 참지 않을 것입니다.”

‘더 이상 참지 않겠다’고 말하는 사람은 자신이 박해와 음모의 피해자라는 것을 암시합니다. “선생님들은 항상 나만 골라서 괴롭혀. 더 이상 참지 않을 거야.” “이웃들은 일부러 밤새 음악을 틀어 놔. 더 이상 참지 않을 거야.” 여기서 트럼프는 미국의 절반, 즉 자신의 지지자들이 피해를 당하고 있다고 주장하고 있습니다. 그는 이러한 선거 도둑질과 조작, 부정행위가 하나의 패턴을 이루고 있다고 암시합니다. 그리고 그 패턴은 우연이 아니라는 것입니다. 그것은 빅테크와 가짜 언론 같은 반대 세력이 미국의 애국자들을 상대로 조직한 것입니다. 즉, 음모라는 것입니다.

음모는 흔한 일입니다. 역사는 음모와 음모에 대한 의혹이 반복되어 온 이야기이기도 합니다. 하지만 세계에서 가장 강력한 사람이 공개적으로 자신이 음모의 피해자라고 주장하는 경우는 비교적 드뭅니다. 하지만 2012 년 당시 일반 시민이었던 트럼프는 트위터에 “지구 온난화라는 개념은 미국의 제조업 경쟁력을 떨어뜨리기 위해 중국인들이 만들어 냈으며, 중국인들을 위해 만들어진 것”이라고 올렸습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 8 "What else has to be said, right?"

1. READING

#terrorism #special forces #God #dogs #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

Just before boarding Air Force 1, the president's plane, for the last time, President Trump made his final speech. He spoke for 10 minutes, promising that "We will be back in some form." The excerpt below, commenced after Trump had invited the first lady, Melania Trump, to "God bless this beautiful nation."



대통령 전용기 에어포스 원(Air Force One)에 마지막으로 탑승하기 직전, 트럼프 대통령은 마지막 연설을 했습니다. 그는 10 분 동안 연설하면서 ******"우리는 어떤 형태로든 다시 돌아올 것입니다"******라고 약속했습니다. 아래에 인용된 부분은 트럼프 대통령이 영부인 멜라니아 트럼프에게 ******"이 아름다운 나라에 신의 축복이 있기를"******이라고 말해 달라고 요청한 뒤 시작된 대목입니다.

Vocabulary

Trump's words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Amazing | a. permission, acceptance |
| 2. Force | b. freedoms, privileges |
| 3. Major | c. incredible, wonderful |
| 4. Veterans | d. power, strength |
| 5. Approval | e. ex-soldiers, servicemen |
| 6. Bill | f. change, improve |
| 7. Properly | g. important, main |
| 8. Rights | h. law, act |
| 9. Thrilled | i. correctly, appropriately |
| 10. Reform | j. excited, happy . |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

27. My administration did a great job.
28. We rebuilt the US military.
29. We created a Space Force.
30. This wasn't an ordinary administration.
31. We took care of our military veterans.
32. The vets give us a 91% approval rating.
33. They were badly treated before.
34. We reject people who don't treat our vets correctly.
35. We made large-scale tax reform.
36. I hope the next administration do not raise taxes.

Trump in paragraphs...

My administration has done a great job. We have rebuilt the United States military. A Space Force has been created. So this has not been an ordinary administration.

We have taken care of our military veterans. The vets give us a 91% approval rating. They were badly treated before, but now they can see doctors. We reject people who don't treat our vets correctly. We have also undertaken large-scale tax reform. I hope the next administration do not raise taxes.

Excerpt

Trump original...



What else has to be said, right? But what we've done – that's true, honey. Great job. What we've done has been amazing, by any standard, we rebuilt the United States military, created a new force called Space Force that, in itself, would be a major achievement for a regular administration, we were not a regular administration.

We took care of the vets – 91 percent approval rating they've never had that before, the vets have given us the VA, the vets have given us an approval rating like has never been before. We took care of our vets and beautiful vets they were very badly treated before we came along.

And as you know, we get them great service and we pick up the bill and they can go out and they can see a doctor, if they have to wait long periods of time. We got it so that we can, sadly, get rid of people that don't treat our vets properly. We didn't have any of those rights before when I came on. So, our vets are happy, our people are happy. Our military is thrilled.

We also got tax cuts, the largest tax cut and reform in the history of our country by far. I hope they don't raise your taxes. But if they do, I told you so!

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means wonderful, incredible.
2. Find and circle a word that means soldiers, servicemen.
3. Find and circle a word that means permission, acceptance.
4. Find and circle a word that means change, improvement.
5. Find and circle a word that means extremely happy, delighted.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. We rebuilt the United States _____.
2. We took care of the _____.
3. We got them great _____.
4. We didn't have any of those _____ before when I came on.
5. We also got tax cuts, the largest tax cut and _____ in the history of our country.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump describes what he sees as major achievements of his administration, including the military, veterans, and tax cuts.
2. Trump argues that the military should receive fewer resources.
3. Trump says that veterans were treated well before his administration.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says the Space Force was created during his administration.
2. Veterans had a 91 percent approval rating before Trump became president.
3. Trump says veterans can see a doctor without having to wait too long.
4. Trump says his administration passed the largest tax cut and reform in U.S. history.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

We

Trump is addressing his supporters so he uses “we” instead of “I”. In this short extract from the speech, he uses “we” or “we’ve” 13 times. He is seeking inclusivity; he is sharing the credit for his “major achievement”[s]. He is speaking for everybody. In particular, Trump uses the first person plural to make claims for others who might not agree with him. After meeting North Korean dictator, Kim Jong-un, Trump claimed, “We fell in love.” The North Korean did not comment publically. He warned the European Commission President that “if Europe is under attack we will never come to help you”, presuming to speak for Congress, Republicans, Democrats, and the American people. This is sometimes called “the royal we”.

Now make a sentence using “we” to state a feeling you share with your family.

We _____

Circle your response:

We love traveling abroad in the winter.

☐ Yes

☐ No

We never eat dinner until it is dark.

☐ Yes

☐ No

우리

트럼프는 자신의 지지자들에게 연설하고 있기 때문에 “나(I)” 대신 “우리(we)”를 사용합니다. 이 짧은 연설 발췌 부분에서 그는 “we” 또는 “we’ve”를 13 번 사용합니다. 그는 포용적인 태도를 취하고 있으며, 자신이 이룬 “주요 성과”에 대한 공로를 지지자들과 함께 나누고 있습니다. 즉, 모든 사람을 대표해서 말하고 있는 것입니다. 특히 트럼프는 자신과 의견이 다를 수도 있는 사람들의 입장을 대신해서 주장하기 위해 1 인칭 복수형을 사용합니다. 북한의 독재자 김정은을 만난 뒤, 트럼프는 “우리는 사랑에 빠졌습니다”라고 말했습니다. 김정은은 이에 대해 공개적으로 아무런 언급도 하지 않았습니다. 또한 트럼프는 유럽연합 집행위원회 위원장에게 “유럽이 공격을 받는다면 우리는 절대로 당신들을 도우러 가지 않을 것입니다”라고 경고했는데, 이는 마치 의회와 공화당, 민주당, 그리고 미국 국민을 모두 대표하여 말하는 것처럼 자신 있게 주장한 것입니다. 이러한 용법을 때때로 “왕의 우리(the royal we)”라고 부릅니다.

Idiom 1

“We rebuilt the United States military, created a new force...”

Brute force

To use extreme physical force

The door was jammed so I opened it using brute force.

The police used brute force to disperse the demonstrators.

We are enjoying this book?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

What else has to be said, right?

“Right?” is used rhetorically in speech to elicit agreement. Though posed as a question, it asserts a statement as obviously factual and is commonly used following an incident. After a May snowstorm: “This weather is crazy, right?” After a hole-in-one followed by a double bogie: “Golf is a hell of a game, right?” It is another example of President Trump speaking in the language of the everyday person.

Now make a sentence with the word “right?” tagged onto the end of the statement.

_____, right?

Circle your response:

It’s hot today, right?.

☐ Yes

☐ No

The young spend most of their day glued to a screen right?.

☐ Yes

☐ No

뭐 더 할 말이 있겠어요, 그렇지요?

“그렇지요?”는 상대방의 동의를 이끌어 내기 위해 말할 때 수사적으로 사용하는 표현입니다. 질문의 형태를 취하고 있지만, 실제로는 어떤 말을 명백한 사실인 것처럼 단정하며, 어떤 일이 벌어진 뒤에 흔히 사용됩니다. 5월에 눈보라가 몰아친 뒤라면, “날씨가 정말 이상하죠?”라고 할 수 있습니다. 휴일원을 한 다음 더블 보기를 기록했다면, “골프라는 게 참 대단한 게임이죠?”라고 할 수 있습니다. 이 표현 역시 트럼프 대통령이 평범한 사람들이 일상적으로 사용하는 언어로 말하는 또 하나의 예입니다.

Idiom

“We rebuilt the United States military, created a new force...”

Force of habit

Repeating an action because you have done it habitually.

I went the wrong way, taking a left instead of a right. It was force of habit.

I got up at 6am even though it’s a Saturday. It was force of habit.

I drink coffee every day through sheer force of habit?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“We took care of our vets and beautiful vets they were very badly treated before we came along.” Trump’s phrasing is awkward; the sentence is poorly structured. He appears to want to praise the veterans as “beautiful,” but his phrasing results in an awkward repetition of “vets” and makes the relationship between the two clauses unclear. A clearer version would be: “We took care of our beautiful vets, and they were very badly treated before we came along.” Although Trump’s syntax is sometimes marked by such errors, these errors can also be understood as the result of his speaking off the cuff, without a teleprompter or autocue. His supporters may therefore forgive, or even appreciate, such errors as signs of authenticity.

“우리는 우리 참전용사들을 잘 돌봤고, 훌륭한 참전용사들이었습니다. 우리가 나서기 전에는 그들이 매우 부당한 대우를 받았습니다.”

트럼프의 표현은 어색하고 문장 구조도 잘 정리되어 있지 않습니다. 그는 참전용사들을 “훌륭한” 사람들이라고 칭찬하려 했던 것으로 보이지만, 그의 표현 방식 때문에 “vets”가 어색하게 반복되고 두 절 사이의 관계도 명확하지 않습니다. 더 명확하게 표현한다면, “We took care of our beautiful vets, and they were very badly treated before we came along.”이라고 할 수 있습니다. 트럼프의 문장 구조에서는 이처럼 오류가 나타나는 경우가 있지만, 이러한 오류는 텔레프롬프터나 원고를 보지 않고 즉흥적으로 말한 결과로 이해할 수도 있습니다. 따라서 그의 지지자들은 이러한 오류를 용서하거나, 오히려 진정성의 표시로 받아들일 수도 있습니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
What Trump’s administration did was amazing.				
A government should pick up the bill for its military veterans.				
The Trump administration was not a regular administration.				
Large tax cuts help the economy.				

The Trump Style

Beautiful

This might be the first public instance of a politician calling his country's military veterans beautiful. But "beautiful" is clearly Trump's favorite adjective. He once tweeted about "a beautiful new HealthCare bill." He talked about building a "big beautiful safe zone" in Syria. Immodestly, he commented, "My temperament is totally controlled, so beautiful." On attendants to a political rally booing his opponents, he said, "That was a beautiful thing." Beauty is subjective so Trump is entitled to his opinion. But when he said "Belgium is a beautiful city," the president was objectively mistaken.

아름다운(Beautiful)

이는 정치인이 자국의 군 참전용사들을 공개적으로 "아름답다"고 부른 최초의 사례일지도 모릅니다. 하지만 'beautiful'은 분명 트럼프가 가장 좋아하는 형용사입니다. 그는 한때 트위터에 "아름다운 새 보건의료 법안"에 대해 글을 올렸습니다. 또한 시리아에 "크고 아름다운 안전지대"를 건설하는 것에 대해서도 이야기했습니다. 겸손하지 않게도 그는 "내 성격은 완전히 통제되어 있습니다. 정말 아름답죠"라고 말했습니다. 정치 집회에서 참석자들이 그의 반대자들에게 야유를 보내자, 그는 "정말 아름다운 일이었습니다"라고 말했습니다. 아름다움은 주관적인 것이므로 트럼프가 자신의 의견을 갖는 것은 당연합니다. 하지만 그가 "벨기에는 아름다운 도시입니다"라고 말했을 때, 대통령은 객관적으로 잘못된 말을 한 것입니다.

The Trump Money Quote

"I know how to sell. Selling is life. You can have the greatest singer in the world, but if nobody knows who he is, he'll never have the opportunity to sing."

Idea

the apprentice: Great Job

Donald Trump made over \$400 million dollars hosting TV reality show, The Apprentice. Ambitious young entrepreneurs competed against each other in a series of organizational, profit-oriented tasks. Donald Trump was the final arbiter of who was hired and fired. He punished losing teams and rewarded the winners: “Women, great job. As a little treat, you’re gonna see the nicest apartment in New York City. It’s my apartment.” So for Trump to praise his wife’s brief words with “Great job” sounds like the boss addressing an underling. Trump, arguably more than any president in US history, explicitly looked on the office of the President of the United States as just another job. It was where beliefs and principles met a quarterly progress report. So to not be reelected in 2020 was a painful role reversal for the man who famously fired others in front of the nation.

개념

어프렌티스(The Apprentice): 훌륭한 일이야(Great Job)

도널드 트럼프는 TV 리얼리티 쇼 <어프렌티스(The Apprentice)>를 진행하며 4 억 달러가 넘는 돈을 벌었습니다. 야심 찬 젊은 사업가들이 일련의 조직 운영 및 수익 창출 과제를 놓고 서로 경쟁했습니다. 누가 채용되고 해고될지를 최종적으로 결정하는 사람은 도널드 트럼프였습니다. 그는 패배한 팀을 벌하고 승리한 팀에게 보상을 주었습니다. “여러분, 정말 잘했어요. 작은 보상으로 뉴욕시에서 가장 멋진 아파트를 보게 될 겁니다. 제 아파트입니다.” 따라서 트럼프가 아내의 짧은 발언에 “훌륭해(Great job)”라고 칭찬하는 것은 상사가 부하 직원에게 말하는 것처럼 들립니다. 트럼프는 미국 역사상 어느 대통령보다도 노골적으로 미국 대통령이라는 직위를 그저 또 하나의 직업으로 바라보았다고 할 수 있습니다. 그에게 대통령직은 신념과 원칙이 분기별 성과 보고서와 만나는 자리였습니다. 따라서 2020 년 재선에 실패한 것은 전국의 시청자들이 지켜보는 앞에서 다른 사람들을 해고했던 것으로 유명한 이 남자에게 고통스러운 역할의 역전이었습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 9 “World trade is terrible”

1. READING

#illegals #chinapuppet #worldhealth #terrible #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

President Trump always had the threat of a rising China on his mind. On July 14th, 2020, he held a press conference in the White House Rose Garden. In it, he said he wanted China “to have a good year.” But he criticized “untrustworthy Chinese technology” and the World Health Organization (WHO), to which China was paying just \$39 million a year whilst the United States paid “close to \$500.”



트럼프 대통령은 항상 부상하는 중국의 위협을 염두에 두고 있었습니다. 2020 년 7 월 14 일, 그는 백악관 로즈가든에서 기자회견을 열었습니다. 그 자리에서 그는 중국이 “좋은 한 해를 보내기를” 바란다고 말했습니다. 그러나 한편으로는 “신뢰할 수 없는 중국 기술”을 비판했으며, 세계보건기구(WHO)에 대해서도 비판했습니다. 그는 중국이 WHO 에 매년 고작 3,900 만 달러를 내는 반면, 미국은 “5 억 달러에 가까운” 금액을 지불하고 있다고 지적했습니다.

Vocabulary

Trump's words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| 41. Tough | a. hundred thousand million |
| 42. Billion | b. awful, dreadful |
| 43. Approximately | c. roughly, about |
| 44. Exact | d. contract, agreement |
| 45. Terrible | e. hard, strong, rough |
| 46. Deal | f. one day, in the future |
| 47. Someday | g. prophecies, guesses |
| 48. Correctly | h. doll, marionette |
| 49. Predictions | i. properly, appropriately |
| 50. Puppet | j. precise, accurate |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

37. Why are we paying more to the WHO than China?
38. China has 1.4 billion people.
39. We don't know how many people live in the US.
40. Many illegal immigrants have entered the country.
41. World trade is in a terrible situation.
42. The WHO is a terrible organization.
43. So we withdrew our membership.
44. Maybe we will return one day.
45. Right now it is a puppet of China.

Trump in paragraphs...

We asked the question, “Why are we paying more to the WHO than China?” China has 1.4 billion people whereas we have 325 million. We don’t know exactly how many people live in the US. Because many illegal immigrants have entered the country.

But world trade is in a terrible situation. And the WHO is a terrible organization.

So we withdrew membership and our money. Maybe we will return one day when the WHO is better run. But right now it is a puppet of China.

Excerpt

Trump original...



But we were tough, and we were saying—I was asking—I said, "Why are we paying so much more than China?" China has 1.4 billion people; we have 325—probably 325 million, approximately. Nobody can give the exact count. We're trying to get an exact count. But you have, over the years, many illegals who have come into the country, so it depends on how you want to count it. But you could say 325 to 350 million people, as opposed to 1.4 billion people.

And the World Trade—World Trade is terrible. That deal is terrible. And the World Health is a terrible deal. We've been very tough on the World Trade Organization, and we've been, I guess, as tough as you can get on World Health. We withdrew our money. We told them we're getting out. It doesn't mean that someday we won't go back in. Maybe we will, when it's correctly run. But they made a lot of bad predictions, and they said a lot of bad things about what to do and how to do it. And they turned out to be wrong, and they were really a puppet of China.

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means forecasts, guesses about the future.
2. Find and circle a word that means approximately, roughly.
3. Find and circle a word that means departed, left.
4. Find and circle a word that means controlled, manipulated by another.
5. Find and circle a word that means harsh, strict.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. China has _____ billion people.
2. We have _____ to 350 million people.
3. We _____ our money.
4. They turned out to be _____.
5. They were really a _____ of China.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump explains why he believes international organizations have made bad decisions and says the United States has taken a tough approach toward them.
2. Trump explains why the United States should give more money to international organizations.
3. Trump says China has fewer people than the United States.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says China has about 1.4 billion people.
2. Trump says the United States has exactly 325 million people.
3. Trump says the United States withdrew its money from the World Health Organization.
4. Trump says the organizations made accurate predictions about what should be done.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

It doesn't mean that...

"I'm not paying today. It doesn't mean that I won't pay tomorrow." This structure is used to clarify a position. It leaves space for the speaker to backtrack on whatever they said. "I'm not going to marry you. It doesn't mean that I'll never marry you." It is often used following a threat or controversial statement. President Trump didn't just use it himself. Often during his presidency, his staff repeated it to calm the media. When President Trump agreed to meet Kim Jong-un, his chief of staff clarified, "It doesn't mean that human rights don't matter."

Now use "It doesn't mean that" to clarify your position.

I'm _____. It doesn't mean _____

Circle your response:

I'm happy today. It doesn't mean I'm happy tomorrow.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I live in Korea. It doesn't mean I'll always live in Korea.

☐ Yes

☐ No

그렇다고 해서 ~라는 뜻은 아닙니다...

"오늘은 돈을 내지 않겠습니다. 그렇다고 해서 내일도 돈을 내지 않겠다는 뜻은 아닙니다." 이 표현은 자신의 입장을 명확히 하기 위해 사용됩니다. 또한 앞서 한 말을 나중에 번복하거나 수정할 여지를 남겨 둡니다. "당신과 결혼하지 않겠습니다. 그렇다고 해서 당신과 절대 결혼하지 않겠다는 뜻은 아닙니다." 이 표현은 위협적인 발언이나 논란의 소지가 있는 발언 뒤에 자주 사용됩니다. 트럼프 대통령만 이 표현을 사용한 것도 아닙니다. 그의 대통령 재임 기간 동안 참모들도 언론을 진정시키기 위해 이 표현을 자주 반복했습니다. 트럼프 대통령이 김정은과의 만남에 동의했을 때, 그의 비서실장은 "그렇다고 해서 인권이 중요하지 않다는 뜻은 아닙니다"라고 해명했습니다.

Idiom

"And the World Health is a terrible deal."

Health nut

A person who is obsessed with eating clean, exercise, and longevity.

He only eats vegetables blended with fruit and runs 10k every day. He's a health nut.

I would love to be a health nut but I'm too lazy.

Are you a health nut?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

Tough on

In a debate prior to the presidential election, Trump took aim at fellow candidate, Jeb Bush. “Oh, you’re a tough guy, Jeb.” Everyone knew that Trump meant the opposite. However, “tough” is a word Trump likes to use about himself. He said he was “much tougher on Russia than Obama.” He was ‘tough on’ China and ‘tough on’ US manufacturers who moved their factories overseas. Here, he was being tough on the WHO.

What are you tough on?

I’m _____

Circle your response:

I’m tough on myself.

☐ Yes

☐ No

Life is tough on all of us.

☐ Yes

☐ No

~에 강경하게 대응하는

대통령 선거를 앞둔 토론에서 트럼프는 경쟁 후보였던 젭 부시를 겨냥했습니다. “오, 당신 정말 강한 사람이군요, 젭.” 누구나 트럼프가 정반대의 뜻으로 말하고 있다는 것을 알고 있었습니다. 하지만 “tough”는 트럼프가 자신에 대해 사용하기 좋아하는 표현이기도 합니다. 그는 자신이 “오바마보다 러시아에 훨씬 더 강경했다”고 말했습니다. 그는 중국에 대해서도 “강경하게 대응했고”, 생산 공장을 해외로 이전한 미국 제조업체들에 대해서도 “강경하게 대응했습니다.” 여기서는 세계보건기구(WHO)에 강경하게 대응하고 있었습니다.

Idiom 2

“And the World Health is a terrible deal.”

Picture of health

To look or seem extremely healthy

I met an old friend at a school reunion. She is the picture of health.

I saw some photos of myself recently. I am not the picture of health.

Are you the picture of health?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“But you could say 325 to 350 million people, as opposed to 1.4 billion people.”

Can we trust the Chinese government's population statistics? Its local governments inflate population figures. That way they get more money from the central government. The national government also overstates the country's population figure. It wishes to impress the world with its powerful human resources. It is also worried about a neighbor, India, boasting an ever-growing population. So Trump is not the only figure in global politics to play with population numbers. But his greater concern is immigration rather than relative payments to the WHO. Unlike the Chinese government, he doesn't trust the purported population statistics from his own country. In a wider sense, he doesn't trust his own government.

“하지만 14 억 명과 비교하면 3 억 2,500 만 명에서 3 억 5,000 만 명이라고 말할 수도 있습니다.” 중국 정부의 인구 통계를 믿을 수 있을까요? 중국의 지방정부들은 인구 수치를 부풀려 발표합니다. 그렇게 하면 중앙정부로부터 더 많은 돈을 받을 수 있기 때문입니다. 중앙정부 역시 중국의 인구 규모를 실제보다 높게 제시합니다. 막대한 인적 자원을 보유한 강대국이라는 인상을 세계에 주고 싶어 하기 때문입니다. 또한 계속해서 인구가 증가하고 있는 이웃 국가 인도가 인구 규모를 앞세우는 것에 대한 우려도 있습니다. 따라서 세계 정치에서 인구 수치를 가지고 이리저리 활용하는 인물은 트럼프만이 아닙니다. 하지만 트럼프가 더 큰 관심을 두고 있는 것은 WHO 에 대한 상대적인 부담금이 아니라 이민 문제입니다. 중국 정부와 달리, 그는 자신의 나라에서 공식적으로 제시하는 인구 통계조차 신뢰하지 않습니다. 더 넓은 의미에서 보면, 그는 자신의 정부 자체를 신뢰하지 않는 것입니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
The population of illegal immigrants in the US is over 25 million.				
China should pay more to the WHO.				
The WHO was wrong in its predictions about Covid 19.				
The WHO is a puppet of China.				

The Trump Style

World

The world is a dangerous place. It is filled with rivals trying to supplant one another. President Trump, who speaks to an America First agenda, views anything ‘world’ or ‘global’ with suspicion. He uses the adjective ‘world’ in a pejorative sense, believing his supporters will agree. Organizations or treaties with the word ‘world’ in their title are naturally unappealing. Trump voiced this plainly when he said, “We reject globalism and embrace the doctrine of patriotism.” In this extract, Trump’s word order reflects his views on the world order. The WTO and the WHO are both terrible, in part because of that ‘W’ in their name.

세계(World)

세계는 위험한 곳입니다. 세계는 서로를 밀어내고 대신 그 자리를 차지하려는 경쟁자들로 가득합니다. ‘미국 우선주의’라는 의제를 내세우는 트럼프 대통령은 ‘세계(world)’나 ‘글로벌(global)’이라는 말이 들어간 모든 것을 의심스럽게 바라봅니다. 그는 자신의 지지자들도 동의할 것이라고 생각하면서 ‘world’라는 형용사를 부정적인 의미로 사용합니다. 이름에 ‘world’라는 단어가 들어간 조직이나 조약은 자연스럽게 매력 없는 것으로 여겨집니다. 트럼프는 “우리는 글로벌리즘을 거부하고 애국주의라는 원칙을 받아들입니다”라고 말하면서 이러한 입장을 분명하게 드러냈습니다. 이 발췌문에서 트럼프의 단어 배열은 세계 질서에 대한 그의 견해를 반영합니다. WTO 와 WHO 가 모두 끔찍한 조직인 이유 중 하나도 이름에 들어간 그 ‘W’ 때문입니다.

The Trump Money Quote

“Probably I’ll sue her. Because it would be fun. I’d like to take some money out of her fat-ass pockets.”

Idea **Illegals:** “But you have, over the years, many illegals who have come into the country.”

In common usage, ‘illegal’ is an adjective that describes acts against the law. Donald Trump did not originate its use as a noun to describe undocumented immigrants. This usage goes back decades. Opponents of illegal as a noun say the word only describes an act; it doesn’t and, in their opinion, cannot describe a person. Supporters of illegal as a noun say the constant act of being in the United States makes the illegal’s presence, their existence in the country, illegal. Usage often ‘trumps’ grammar in daily usage. A listener might have linguistic or moral objection to a word. But merely responding to the word in conversation after hearing it means the user has, in effect, ‘won’ the argument about meaning. It was one of President Trump’s habits to talk of getting ‘wins’.

개념 **불법 체류자(illegals):** “하지만 오랜 세월 동안 많은 불법 체류자들이 이 나라에 들어왔습니다.”

일반적인 용법에서 ‘illegal’은 법에 어긋나는 행위를 설명하는 형용사입니다. 도널드 트럼프가 이 단어를 서류 미비 이민자를 가리키는 명사로 사용하기 시작한 것은 아닙니다. 이러한 용법은 수십 년 전부터 존재해 왔습니다. ‘illegal’을 명사로 사용하는 것에 반대하는 사람들은 이 단어가 행위만을 설명할 뿐, 사람을 설명하는 말은 아니며 자신들의 견해로는 사람을 가리킬 수도 없다고 주장합니다. 반면 ‘illegal’을 명사로 사용하는 것을 지지하는 사람들은 미국에 계속 체류하는 행위 자체가 그 사람의 미국 내 존재를 ‘불법’으로 만든다고 주장합니다.

일상적인 언어 사용에서는 문법보다 실제 사용 방식이 더 큰 힘을 발휘하는 경우가 많습니다. 어떤 단어를 들은 사람이 그 단어에 대해 언어적 또는 도덕적으로 문제를 제기할 수도 있습니다. 하지만 그 단어를 듣고 대화 중에 단순히 그 단어 자체에 반응한다는 것은, 결과적으로 그 단어를 사용한 사람이 그 의미를 둘러싼 논쟁에서 ‘이긴’ 셈이 됩니다. 트럼프 대통령은 ‘승리(wins)’를 거두는 것에 대해 이야기하는 습관이 있었습니다.

ANSWERS can be found at: hangokuh.com

Unit 10 “The most innocent person in the world”

1. READING

#firstlady #crowds #abelincoln #presidential #_____

Context

The Trump where, why, who with...

September 27th, 2019. President Trump speaks at “behind closed-doors” event at United States Mission to the United Nations. His remarks are supposed to be private but a transcript is leaked. Ironically, the president is railing against a whistleblower from the intelligence community. He uses the opportunity to complain about the press and talk up his own popularity.



2019년 9월 27일, 트럼프 대통령은 유엔 주재 미국 대표부에서 열린 비공개 행사에서 연설했습니다. 이 자리에서의 발언은 원래 공개되지 않을 예정이었지만, 녹취록이 유출되었습니다. 아이러니하게도 트럼프 대통령은 정보기관 내부의 **내부고발자(whistleblower)**를 강하게 비난하고 있었습니다. 그는 이 기회를 이용해 언론에 대해 불평하는 한편, 자신의 높은 인기를 강조했습니다.

Vocabulary

Trump's words...

Draw a line between words with similar meanings.

- | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| 51. Innocent | a. possibility, capability |
| 52. Presidential | b. ogre, beast |
| 53. Campaign | c. outstanding, impressive |
| 54. Crazy | d. conveyor, automatic stairs |
| 55. Escalator | e. hustings, appeal, movement |
| 56. Potential | f. authoritative, statesmanlike, |
| 57. Unbelievable | g. not guilty, pure, without sin |
| 58. Pictures | h. incredible, untrue |
| 59. Tremendous | i. insane, wild, mad |
| 60. Monster | j. photos, images |

In Plain English

Trump thought process...

46. I am innocent of everything.
47. I have been very presidential.
48. I am the most presidential president since Abraham Lincoln.
49. During the campaign, the crowd went crazy.
50. We had a lot of fun.
51. It started when I appeared with the first lady.
52. There was never an empty seat at my rallies.
53. One night there was a snowstorm.
54. There were still no empty seats at my rally.
55. The media just showed empty seats.

Trump in paragraphs...

I am innocent of anything they say about me. I believe I have been very presidential. In fact, I am the most presidential president since Abraham Lincoln. I remember during the campaign, the crowd would go crazy. We had a lot of fun together.

It started when I appeared with the future first lady. There was never an empty seat at my rallies. One night there was a terrible snowstorm. Still, there were no empty seats at the rally. The media just showed the empty seats of people who had gone to the bathroom.

Excerpt

Trump original...



And then they talk about me, and I didn't do anything. I don't know if I'm the most innocent person in the world. But, you know, you look at that — most presidential, I'm the most presidential, except for possibly Abe Lincoln when he wore the hat — that was tough to beat.

Remember we used to do that during the campaign. They used to say, when I speak, the crowd would be crazy, I'd go crazy — we would all go crazy. We're going to have a lot of fun together ... We've never had an empty seat. From the day I came down the escalator, with a potential unbelievable woman who became our first lady [*applause*] ... the crowds love her, the people love her. But we've never had an empty seat — not one. I really believe that.

There was one case where we had a tremendous snowstorm and it was just about frozen; it was a monster storm. I don't even remember how we got there. I said, 'How's the crowd?' 'It's just about full, sir.' I said, 'What does that mean, like there are about two seats on top? Thousands and thousands could get there. So they show pictures of the empty seats. They don't say this is the worst storm they've had in years. They show pictures of like nine empty seats, and it could've been people who just went to the bathroom.'

2. UNDERSTANDING

A. Find and circle a word that means...

1. Find and circle a word that means enormous, huge.
2. Find and circle a word that means possible, potential.
3. Find and circle a word that means incredible, unbelievable.
4. Find and circle a word that means photographs, images.
5. Find and circle a word that means completely full, packed.

B. Fill in the blanks

1. I don't know if I'm the most _____ person in the world.
2. That was tough to _____.
3. We're going to have a lot of _____ together.
4. We've never had an _____ seat.
5. It was a _____ storm.

C. What is the main idea of Trump's text?

1. Trump explains why his campaign events were usually very popular and argues that reports of empty seats were misleading.
2. Trump explains that his campaign events were often poorly attended.
3. Trump says that bad weather never affected his campaign events.

D. True or false?

1. Trump says there was always at least one empty seat at his events.
2. Trump compares himself to Abraham Lincoln.
3. Trump says one event was affected by a very large snowstorm.
4. Trump says pictures showed thousands of empty seats at the event.

3. LANGUAGE

Structures 1

Trump tropes...

like

“It’s, like, been raining all week.” “In the restaurant I was, like, there’s too many dishes I don’t know what to choose.” Like as a ‘filler word has been most commonly used in American English. But it is in common usage, like, everywhere now. Trump at his rallies or in these private remarks or any time he speaks ‘off the cuff’, and without a script, lacks what’s called a ‘filter’. He will make claims and or tell statistical untruths in the process. ‘Like’ puts a little distance between the speaker and their assertion. Perhaps there were nine empty seats. Maybe there were more or fewer. The greater point, Trump is asserting, is that the biased media lied.

Now, like, make a sentence using ‘like’ as a filler word.

Circle your response:

Do you, like, go to the gym every day?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Cats, like, seem really friendly.

☐ Yes

☐ No

~같은, 그러니까

“It’s, like, been raining all week.” “식당에서, 그러니까, 음식이 너무 많아서 뭘 골라야 할지 모르겠더라고.” ‘Like’를 군말이나 추임새로 사용하는 것은 미국 영어에서 가장 흔하게 나타나는 용법이었습니다. 하지만 이제는 정말, 그러니까, 어디에서나 흔히 사용됩니다. 트럼프는 집회에서나 비공개 발언에서나, 또는 대본 없이 즉흥적으로 말할 때면 ‘필터’라고 불리는 것이 부족합니다. 그 과정에서 그는 사실과 다른 주장을 하거나 통계적으로 부정확한 말을 하기도 합니다. ‘Like’는 화자와 자신이 하는 주장을 약간 떨어뜨려 놓는 역할을 합니다. 실제로 빈자리가 아홉 개였을 수도 있습니다. 더 많았을 수도 있고, 더 적었을 수도 있습니다. 트럼프가 주장하고자 하는 더 큰 요점은 편향된 언론이 거짓말을 했다는 것입니다.

Idiom 1

“We’re going to have a lot of fun together”

Fun fact

A little-known but interesting fact

Fun fact. American football was actually invented in England.

Fun fact. Most dinosaurs were vegetarian.

Do you know a fun fact?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Structures 2

Trump tropes...

Crazy

Trump uses the adjective ‘crazy’ in its pejorative sense to attack opponents. He called a TV host “crazy” and, of course, his favorite nickname for opponent Bernie Sanders was “Crazy Bernie.” But he also sees the fun side of the word. Crazy fun can be thought of as unstructured, spontaneous, disordered good times. ‘Crazy fun’ was characteristic of his pre-election rallies. They were more like a public sporting event than politics. His goal was to ensure everyone had a crazy time. Some of the president’s early official press conferences continued the crazy theme.

Where have you had crazy fun?

Circle your response:

I will never study another language.

☐ Yes

☐ No

I will never call my best friend in the middle of the night.

☐ Yes

☐ No

트럼프는 ‘crazy’라는 형용사를 부정적인 의미로 사용하여 상대방을 공격합니다. 그는 한 TV 진행자를 “미쳤다”고 불렀으며, 물론 경쟁자 버니 샌더스에게 붙인 그가 가장 좋아하는 별명도 “미친 버니(Crazy Bernie)”였습니다. 하지만 그는 이 단어의 재미있는 의미도 잘 활용합니다. ‘Crazy fun’은 틀에 얽매이지 않고 즉흥적이며 다소 무질서하지만 즐거운 시간을 의미한다고 볼 수 있습니다. ‘Crazy fun’은 선거 전 트럼프의 유세 집회에서 두드러지게 나타났습니다. 그의 집회는 정치 행사라기보다 대중 스포츠 행사에 더 가까웠습니다. 그의 목표는 모든 사람이 신나고 즐거운 시간을 보내게 하는 것이었습니다. 대통령 취임 초기의 공식 기자회견 가운데 일부에서도 이러한 ‘crazy’한 분위기가 이어졌습니다.

Idiom 2

“We’re going to have a lot of fun together”

A figure of fun

Somebody who other people ridicule; who they laugh at, not with

After the politician was caught, she became a figure of fun.

He tried to be taken seriously, and not as figure of fun.

Do you have a favorite figure of fun?

☐ Yes

☐ No

4. DONALD TRUMP AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

The Trump Error

“They used to say, when I speak, the crowd would be crazy.”

There is inconsistency in verb tense in this sentence. It should read, “when I spoke, the crowd would be crazy.” Plus, the phrasing is off (“go crazy” would be more appropriate). As we have seen, Trump’s regular speech patterns are filled with grammatical rule breaking. This is a huge part of his appeal. He cannot, at least, be accused of dry, forgettable lawyer-like speechmaking.

“예전에는 사람들이 말하곤 했습니다. 내가 연설을 하면 군중이 열광하곤 했다고요.”

이 문장에는 동사 시제의 일관성이 없습니다. “when I spoke, the crowd would be crazy”라고 해야 합니다. 게다가 표현도 다소 어색합니다. 여기서는 “go crazy”가 더 적절한 표현입니다. 지금까지 살펴본 것처럼 트럼프의 평소 말투에는 문법 규칙을 어기는 표현이 가득합니다. 이것은 그의 인기의 상당 부분을 차지하는 요소입니다. 적어도 그는 건조하고 기억에 남지 않는, 변호사 같은 말투로 연설한다는 비난은 받지 않을 수 있습니다.

What about you...?

check the boxes, ...

Assertion	Strongly agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
The president is the most innocent person in the world.				
Trump is the most presidential president since Abraham Lincoln.				
The first lady is an unbelievable woman.				
The media lies about attendance at his rallies.				

The Trump Style

Possibly

We might presume that, in these private remarks, Trump did not employ a speechwriter. The jokes are all his own. Trump has been accused of megalomania, narcissism, and wanting to be a dictator. But in saying he's the most presidential president ('possibly') since Abraham Lincoln, 'the guy who wore the hat', the joke feels intentional. But there is also a lot of unintentional humor. His exaggerated claims provoke laughter on all sides. "We've never had an empty seat – not one. I really believe that." His remarks are often a mixture of anger and humor. His opponents have accused him of toilet humor in the past and here he does that literally. "It could've been people who just went to the bathroom."

가능하면, 어쩌면(Possibly)

이 비공개 발언에서 트럼프는 연설문 작성자의 도움을 받지 않았다고 추측할 수 있습니다. 농담은 모두 그의 머릿속에서 나온 것입니다. 트럼프는 과대망상, 자기애, 그리고 독재자가 되기를 원한다는 비난을 받아 왔습니다. 하지만 자신이 '모자를 썼던 그 사람'인 에이브러햄 링컨 이후 '아마도(possibly)' 가장 대통령다운 대통령이라고 말하는 부분에서는, 그 농담이 의도적이었다는 느낌이 듭니다. 그러나 의도하지 않은 유머도 많이 있습니다. 그의 과장된 주장들은 어느 편에서든 웃음을 자아냅니다. "우리는 빈자리가 있었던 적이 한 번도 없습니다. 단 한 자리도요. 정말 그렇게 생각합니다." 그의 발언은 종종 분노와 유머가 뒤섞인 형태로 나타납니다. 그의 반대자들은 과거에 그를 저급한 화장실 유머(toilet humor)를 구사한다고 비난했는데, 여기서는 말 그대로 그런 유머를 사용합니다. "그냥 화장실에 갔던 사람들일 수도 있죠."

The Trump Money Quote

"I think I am a nice person. People who know me like me."

Innocence: “and then they talk about me, and I didn’t do anything.”

In the lead up to his first presidential run, Donald Trump was subject to a raft of legal challenges. Charges ranged from falsifying business records to conspiracy to defraud. Though variously found guilty, none of his legal troubles proved sufficient to disqualify him from standing for the office of president. Although he never used the phrase himself, it is small irony that charges deemed overblown and malicious can be described as “trumped up.”

Non-legal forms of ‘innocence’, meanwhile, are associated with the unworldly, the pure of heart and motivation, or children under the age of seven. It is generally agreed that the two-time president is none of these. However, through his words, his bluster and thoughtless fact and statistic invention, through his lack of filter, his absence of strategic linguistic craft, Donald Trump does, after all, encapsulate a peculiar and perverse form of innocence, of a type type that ultimately might end in disaster.

개념 **순수함(Innocence):** “그런데 사람들은 나에게 대해 이야기하고, 나는 아무것도 하지 않았습니다.”

첫 번째 대통령 선거 출마를 앞두고 도널드 트럼프는 수많은 법적 문제에 직면했습니다. 혐의는 기업 기록 위조에서 사기 공모에 이르기까지 다양했습니다. 여러 사건에서 유죄 판결을 받기도 했지만, 그의 법적 문제 가운데 대통령직에 출마하는 것을 막을 만큼 충분한 것은 하나도 없었습니다. 그가 직접 이 표현을 사용한 적은 없지만, 과장되고 악의적인 혐의를 가리켜 “trumped up”이라고 표현할 수 있다는 것은 묘한 아이러니입니다.

한편 법률과 무관한 의미에서의 'innocence(순수함)'는 세상 물정에 어둡고 순수한 사람, 순수한 마음과 동기를 가진 사람, 또는 일곱 살 미만의 어린아이와 연관됩니다. 일반적으로 두 번이나 대통령을 지낸 트럼프가 이러한 어느 경우에도 해당하지 않는다는 데에는 큰 이견이 없습니다. 그러나 그의 말과 허세, 그리고 별다른 생각 없이 사실과 통계를 지어내는 방식, 필터의 부재, 전략적인 언어 구사의 부재를 통해 도널드 트럼프는 결국 특이하고도 역설적인 형태의 순수함을 보여줍니다. 그것은 결국 재앙으로 이어질 수도 있는, 독특한 형태의 순수함입니다.

About the Author

The author is a long term resident of the Republic of Korea. He has written over two dozen English textbooks as well as a variety of other books, including works on taekwondo and Chinese proverbs. He can be reached at hangokuh@gmail.com

The President's English online

hangokuh.com

Further videos, supplementary material and answer keys are available online.